The Columbian.

VOL 38. BLOOMSBURG, PA. THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1903 NO. 5

AGAIN ITS TOWNSEND

Democrats Renominats Him for President.

J. C. Rutter, Jr., for School Director, and L. M. Sleppy for Tax Collector.

THE COUNCILMEN.

The cohorts of Democracy had their inning Tuesday evening. They were out in full force. The large attendance showed that the voters have come to a realization of the importance of the caucus.

Committeeman W. B. Allen called the meeting to order. An organization was perfected by electing Jas. H Mercer, chairman, and Freeze Quick and Dr. T. C. Harter, secretaries.

The nomination of President was taken up. The name of John R. Townsend was presented, and he was made the unanimous choice. There was no surprise in the nomination of Mr. Townsend. The sentiment of the Democratic voters for weeks past has been strongly in his favor. As president of the Town Council, for the year now drawing to a close, he has given the fullest satisfaction, and no better illustration of the intense devotion of his friends can be given than to state that when the nomination of a candidate of President was announced to be in order, Tuesday evening, a half dozen voices simultaneously shouted "Townsend." In the nomination of Mr. Townsend the Democrats have chosen to lead their ticket a man of large common sense, fine judgment and fixedness of purpose.

Four candidates were placed in nomination, for members of Council namely Josiah Giger, Chs. H. Reimard, John A. Cox and Chas. L. Rupert. A vote was taken resulting in the selection ot the first three. This too was as it should be. The three men are now serving the town, and well too, in the capacity of councilmen, and it is altogether right, that they be permitted to remain in office and carry out the numerous improvements they have started in the way of new crossings and better streets.

There was no opposition to Jas. C. Rutter, Jr. for school director.

The selection of a candidate for tax collector occasioned a little contest. L. M. Sleppy and E. J. Stetler were nominated. A vote was then taken which showed Sleppy to be the favorite, he receiving 93 to Stetlers 26.

The caucus was declared adjourned, and the ward nominations made. They are as follows:

First District—Grier Quick, Judge of Election; William Knorr, Inspector; C. C. Furman, Registry Assessor.

Second District—C. M. Hess, Judge of Election; Frank Baum, Inspector; Fred Neyhart, Registry Assessor.

Third District—George B. Martin, Judge of Election; Peter H, Freeze, Inspector; E. J. Stettler, Registry Assessor.

Fourth District—Harry Rulon, Judge of Election; Henry Knorr, Insgector; John Wanich, Registry Assessor.

SOME IMPROVEMENT.

A number of changes and improvements have recently been made in THE COLUMBIAN office, by which more space has been secured. We now have four times as much shelf room as before, and already the space is too small again. A cement floor has been laid in the basement, and the form elevator changed to a more convenient location.

As soon as J. E. Roys can find another store room THE COLUMBIAN will occupy the entire first floor and basement of its building. This will give us a fine business office in front, and the show windows for the display of goods. It will also give us more room in the jobbing department, which is much needed. A number of new machines will be added, and our facilities generally enlarged so that we can handle our large and increasing patronage more efficiently. Last year the number of jobs of printing executed here was double what it was in 1895, and 1895 was not a bad year either. Some of the intervening years the number of jobs has been larger yet, though in bulk of work 1902 was the largest in the history of this office. The figures show that our patronage has doubled in the past six years, and it is the intention of THE COLUMBIAN to keep right up-to-date, and to march along at the head of th procession.

REPUBLICANS IN CAUCUS.

Nominations Were Made Harmoniously and With a Rush.

W. S. RISHTON FOR MAYOR.

The Republicans met in the Town Hall Monday evening and named candidates for the spring election. From the very smooth manner in which every thing passed off, it was evident that a slate had been prepared. H. A. M'Killip was made chairman of the meeting and R. D. Young and J. W. Lee, secretaries. Mr. M'Killip, after thanking the caucus for the honor of making him chairman, stated that the meeting was ready for nominations.

A. W. Duy moved for the nomination of W. S. Rishton for president of Town Council. His name was the only one put up and he was declared the choice.

For Councilmen E. F. Carpenter nominated Geo. M. Hughes, C. F. Deiterick nominated Samuel Pursel, and A. W. Duy nominated Charles Culp.

There were three names suggested for tax collector, J. B. Millard, W. E. Rinker and L. D. Kase but the latter two were withdrawn as the nomination of Mr. Rinker was an error and Mr. Kase refused to allow his name to go before the caucus. This made Mr. Millard's nomination unanimous.

That there was a strong desire for the election of W. E. Rinker as school director was evidenced from the fact that when it came time to nominate a candidate for the office, he was put up by at least four different parties. Mr. Rinker is the present incumbent, his term now expiring.

At the conclusion of the caucus nominations the voters of the different wards met and made the following nominations for election officers.

First District—Judge of Election, Frank B. Rupert; Inspector, R. L. Runyon; Registry Assessor, Barton T. Pursel.

Second District—Judge of Election, Harry S. Barton; Inspector, Charles T. Hendershott; Registry Assessor, Robert J. Morris.

Third District—Judge of Election W. H. Webb; Inspector, R. R. Ralston; Registry Assessor, Thomas Webb.

Fourth District—Judge of Election, William M. Hartzel; Inspector M. J. Ohl; Registry Assessor, Frank Girton.

A Party That Was a Decided Novelty.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin H. Ent entertained their friends in royal fashion at their home on West street Thursday evening last. It was one of the most interesting as well as most novel affairs of the winter. Nice refreshments were served. Those who were present and the characters they represented follow:

Dr. Reece, Skeleton; Mrs. H. A. Reece, a bride; J. L. Townsend, a young lady; Mrs. J. L. Townsend, bride of 1850; R. G. Phillips, clown; Mrs. R. G. Phillips, Bellamy girl; J. W. Lee, clown; Mrs. J. W. Lee, old maid; H. R. Mears, lady; Mrs. H. R. Mears, sporting girl; W. D. Beckley, Lord Fauntelroy; Mrs. W. D. Beckley, summer; R. F. Vanderslice, young lady; Mrs. R. F. Vanderslice, Red Riding Hood; C. H. Kline, a little boy; Mrs. C. H. Kline, Red Cross nurse; A. N. Yost, tramp: Mrs. A. N. Yost, an old fashioned lady; F. P. Eyer, priest; Mrs. F. P. Eyer, nurse; O. H. Yetter, Mandarin; Mrs. O. H. Yetter, Nun; Fred Holmer, clown; Mrs. Fred Holmes, spring; M. J. Hess, charity woman; Mrs. M. J. Hess, Nun; H. S. Barton, Irishman; Mrs. H. S. Barton, Miss Ophelia; Mrs. J. H. Saltzer, Japanese lady; Mrs. G. H. Welliver, Nun; C. L. Pensyl, farmer John; Mrs. C. L. Pensyl, Columbia; Blaine Saltzer, Topsy; Ed. H. Ent, washer woman; Mrs. E. H Ent, country bride. Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Bidleman in evening dress.

The American Gas Company will shortly build an addition to its plant. The plans have already been prepared.

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Having ample resources, conservative management and a strong Board of Directors, and being equipped with good facilities for the transaction of legitimate banking, this bank tenders its offices to those who appreciate careful and prompt service, intelligent attention to details and liberality of treatment; believing by this course it can be of real service to the business public.

A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT. WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER.

[READ MY AD ON 5TH PAGE.]

BRIC-A-BRAC AND FANCY CHINA,

Our customers can spend a pleasant hour in this department of our store in studying the collections of

Art, Bric-a-Brac and Fancy China.

We have kept in mind the general demand for really artistic goods at moderate cost, and while the stock contains some elaborate and expensive pieces, it is made up mainly of the more practical sorts

At Popular Prices.

A glance through our stock will satisfy our customers that our prices are secure from competition.

J. Lee Martin,

Jeweler and Optician.

Telephone 1842.

J. G. WELLS,

SKATES SKATES

FOR SALE BY

J. G Wells,

General Hardware,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HAINE—MAIZE NUPTIALS.

A very fashionable and important event, interesting to society folk here and in several other cities, was the wedding of Miss Annie E. Maize daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Maize, and Mr. Frank D. Haine of Pleasantville, N. J. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the brides parents on North street, at half past twelve o'clock Wednesday, the Rev. David N. Kirkby of St. Paul's Episcopal church officiating. Miss Edith Maize, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. Samuel H. Harman of Bloomsburg was best man, and the ushers were John M. Clark and Frank P. Pursel of Bloomsburg. The gown of the bride was of white satin, she carried orange blossoms. The bridesmaid wore pink silk. The bridal party entered the parlor, the bride leaning on the arm of her father, to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Boyd F. Maize, brother of the bride, while the ceremony was being performed he rendered in subdued tones "Annie Laurie." The home was beutifully decorated with flowers. A reception and dinner followed the ceremony at which Mrs. Dodson was the caterer. Mr. and Mrs. Haine left on the Philadelphia & Reading train at 3.30 for Pleasantville, N. J. where they will reside.

Following are the guests at the wedding Mr. and Mrs. M. F. D. Scanlan, Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Wirt, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Pursel, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. McKelvy, Mr. and Mrs. A. Z. Schoch, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Rishton, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wigfall, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Funston, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ikeler, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Kelley, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Yorks, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. C. Rutter, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Hartman, Mrs. Rev. D. N. Kirkby, Miss Mary Clark, Miss Martha Clark, Miss Martha Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Freeze, Mrs. H. H. Grotz, Miss Lillian Sloan, Miss Laura Waller, Miss Claire Whitmoyer, Mrs. Isaiah Hagenbuch, Mr. E. F. Caldwell, Mrs. H. A. M'Killip. Those from a distance were Mrs. M. Jackson Crispin, New York City, and Miss Edna Hain, Reading.

MRS. SARAH E. FRYSINGER.

At her home, the Methodist parsonage, corner of Market and Fifth streets, after an illness of well nigh on to two years, Mrs. Sarah E. Frysinger, the estimable wife of Dr. W. M. Frysinger, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was born anew and entered into that eternal life at half past five o'clock Saturday morning. Her illness had its beginning in an attack of grip, which refused to yield to medical treatment. Her condition for several weeks before death was quite alarming.

If beyond this heartache we call living there is any reward for the dwellers upon earth the crown must rest upon that head that never conceived an evil thing. In the church where she was always an earnest worker and to those who knew her the death of Mrs. Frysinger is a loss beyond expression.

Mrs. Frysinger was born at Easton, and was the daughter of the late Rev. Edwin Allen, a prominent Methodist minister of Newark, N. J., and was married to Dr. Frysinger in 1868. Her husband, and a brother and sister, residents of Newark, N. J., survive her.

Funeral services were conducted in the Methodist church Tuesday afternoom, Dr. W. W. Evans presiding elder of the Danville district officiated. The remains were taken to Newark, N. J. Wednesday morning for interment.

The following clergymen were present and participated in the services: Dr. W. W. Evans, Sunbury, Rev. J. B. Stive, Sunbury, Rev. S. D. Wilson, Harrisburg, Rev. S. B. Evans, Milton; Dr. S. C. Swallow, Harrisburg; Rev. E. P. Swartz, Freeland: Rev. B. C. Conner, Harrisburg; Rev. T. L. Tompkinson, Williamsport: Dr. R. H. Gilbert, Berwick; Rev. E. M. Stephens, Williamsport, Rev. H. C. Harman, Danville; Rev. J. J. Allen, Riverside; Rev. J. C. Grimes, Nescopeck; Rev. G. B. Savidge, Mifflinville; Rev. A. B. Logan, Buckhorn; Rev. N. E. C. Cleaver, Danville; Rev. W. H. Hartman, Espy; Rev. J. H. Daugherty, Shickshinny, and Rev. James Doherty, Benton.

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It's About Now

That *YOUR TROUSERS* commence to fray at the bottom—bag at the knee and go into a general state of Collapse. Winter is a hard season for Trousers. A fresh pair about now will be welcome. Here is a lot of new patterns—stylish mixtures, dull checks, stripes, etc., all better-class worsteds, that will go well with good suits, hold shape aud wear to please you.

One Dollar to Six Dollars.

Ben Gidding

Bloomsburg, Penn'a.,

Corner Main and Center Sts.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

CARPETS FOR SPRING!

OUR CARPET STOCK

of all grades is larger than all the stocks of the city combined.

We have a number of rolls of dropped patterns, which we are closing out at cut prices. Quality just as good; but we are not going to duplicate the patterns.

We can SAVE YOU MONEY on these.

THE LEADER STORE COMPANY, L'T'D.

SHIRT WAIST CUT PRICES

Closing out our winter stock of Shirt Waists and we have cut prices to a low figure. Here are a few Fancy Striped, Slot Opening, from $1.25 to 75 cents.

French Flannel, all shades, stitched and trimmed with large pearl buttons, from $2.50, and $2.25 to $1.50.

Our $3.00 styles to $2.00.

The Leader Store Company Ltd.,

4th and Market Streets.

CANAL FIGHT BEGUN

Plan to Improve New York Waterways Threatened.

GOOD ROADS MEN HAVE A SCHEME

Prominent Republicans Want $50,000,000 For Highways or They Will Defeat the $85,000,000 Canal Proposition.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 28.—While ardent advocates of the canal were in long and serious session yesterday contemplating the expenditure of $82,000,000 for the improvement of the state waterways there was gathered in another room of the state capitol a set of men representing in a great degree the dominant element in Republican politics, planning to so amend the canal bill as to defeat it unless their demands are granted.

Of the dozen conferrees the mention of a few names only is necessary to demonstrate that dominant element of the Republican party is represented in the proposed amending of the bill. Lieutenant Governor Frank Higgins, Speaker of the Assembly S. Fred Nixon, Senators Jothan P. Allds, leader of the majority in the assembly; James S. Rogers, Senator William Armstrong and a dozen others of lesser note practically decided that unless a $50,000,000 state bond issue was added to the $82,000,000 proposed in the canal bill no canal measure would be allowed to pass the legislature and to go to the governor. The additional $50,000,000 asked for is to be expended, according to the plans of this contingent, in building good roads. The farmers and good roads interests are to be appealed to to support the proposition.

These legislators contend that the counties outside of the direct line of the canal receive no direct benefit from the vast expenditure of money proposed under the $82,000,000 canal appropriation. They say that if the canal is to be made available to these outside counties there must be good roads for the farmers and producers to convey their produce to the canal for transportation; that these counties must depend upon good roads for their increase in business, as the canal counties depend upon the canal.

TAX SWINDLE UNEARTHED.

New York City Believed to Have Lost Millions.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The arrest of four employees of the city, two of them employees of the department of taxes and assessments, has disclosed, according to District Attorney Jerome, a most stupendous and farreaching plan to defraud the city of a part of its income through the false swearing off of hundreds of thousands of dollars of assessments. The amount involved may reach into the millions.

The alleged swindlers made the tax office their base of operations in impersonating bona fide taxpayers and swearing off personal taxes in the interest of the real taxpayer, who paid for the deception.

The plan of the gang, said the district attorney, was to secure the name of a taxpayer from the books through the instrumentality of the man on the inside.

Then a member of the gang would approach the taxpayer, tell him that through certain influences he could be relieved of paying the tax imposed by the department.

The swindlers represented themselves as officials of the tax department. The district attorney has knowledge of hundreds of cases in which the taxpayer paid the gang well for the service rendered.

Ex-Secretary Long Ill.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—John D. Long, ex-governor of this state and late secretary of the navy, is seriously ill at St. Margaret hospital here, and while his physician, Dr. Cabot, is optimistic, he admits that his distinguished patient may not leave the hospital for some time. The malady is a chronic kidney disorder, which was aggravated by his arduous duties at Washington, which he relinquished, he said, to enable him to prolong his days.

Lynch's Sentence Commuted.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Colonel Arthur Lynch, convicted of high treason, has had the death sentence commuted to one of imprisonment for life. By the terms of his sentence he is condemned to penal servitude. Inasmuch as the prevailing sentiment of the civilized world has been so aroused over the case of Colonel Lynch, it is believed that he will be granted a pardon, with leave to get out of the country, in a few years.

Court Says Miller Is Mayor.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The supreme court has decided that George W. Miller, Democrat, was elected mayor last fall. The election board gave the vote to William R. Munderman, Republican, who has since been holding office. The Democrats contested that decision before the election board, claiming a plurality of seven votes for Miller and then carried the contest to the courts, where today they were successful.

Morocco Rebels Gain Ground.

TANGIER, Morocco, Jan. 27.—Skirmishing is reported to be taking place outside Fez, with results favorable to the rebels, who, it is said, greatly outnumber the sultan's troops. It is rumored that the sultan is tired of the struggle and wants to leave Fez.

For a New Cuban Capitol.

HAVANA, Jan. 24.—The house of representatives has appropriated $300,000 for the construction of a capitol. At present the house and the senate are located inconveniently and a long distance apart.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

A Chicago mob, led by women, held up a coal train and looted five cars.

The Stone expedition arrived from Alaska with a large collection for the Museum of Natural History.

Prince Wolffgang zu Stolberg-Stolberg was found shot dead in the park of his castle at Rottleberode, Saxony.

County Attorney Boardman of Minneapolis sued the McClure Publishing company for $50,000 damages for alleged libel.

Tuesday, Jan. 27.

Lieutenant General Miles has arrived in Paris.

Spread of the bubonic plague in Durban, Natal, is reported serious.

Judge W. R. Day accepted the offer of appointment as associate justice of the United States supreme court.

Three Americans were reported killed in defeat of a volunteer force by ladrones in the province of Zambales.

The United States supreme court decided a land grant case in favor of two settlers and against the Northern Pacific railroad.

Monday, Jan. 26.

The volcano Stromboli was reported in violent eruption.

Fire at Lockport, N. Y., destroyed the plant of the Daily Review.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Guayaquil, Ecuador.

A fire in Armagh, Ireland, destroyed property valued at $300,000.

Southern Oregon was visited by an excessive rainfall, causing floods.

Morris Wood, the skater, broke three short distance records at Montclair, N. J.

Saturday, Jan. 24.

Two trainmen were killed in an accident on the Missouri Pacific railroad at Yates Center, Kan.

Two were killed and four badly hurt by a dynamite explosion in the Wabash tunnel at Pittsburg.

Timothy Harrington was elected lord mayor of Dublin for the third time against the influence of the council.

Count von Bellestrem has resigned the presidency of the German reichstag on account of his ruling forbidding debate on the Krupp scandal.

Friday, Jan. 23.

The pay of the public school teachers of Chicago has been increased.

The Soufriere volcano on the island of St. Vincent is again in eruption.

The cash assets of a broken bank at Jacksonville, Tex., were found to be 10 cents.

Two men fought a duel in the streets of East St. Louis, and both were fatally wounded.

The supreme court of Nebraska has decided that the Bible may be read in the public schools.

The Peruvian government has decided that that country shall be represented at the St. Louis fair.

Observances of the second anniversary of Queen Victoria's death have occurred throughout England.

Thursday, Jan. 22.

William L. Bryan was installed as president of Indiana university.

A fatal fight between Japanese and cowboys in Montana was reported.

The French line steamship La Touraine was badly damaged by fire at Havre.

Rev. Dr. Arthur S. Lloyd of New York was elected Episcopal bishop of Mississippi.

The shipyard and many buildings in Mazatlan, Mexico, are to be burned to eradicate the plague.

An unexplained explosion shook the town of Whitman, Mass., and caused two large fissures in the earth's surface.

Governor Odell's Sister Dead.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Miss Ophelia Odell, the elder sister of Governor Odell, is dead at the home of her father, ex-Mayor Odell, in Grand street. Miss Odell had been ill about a week with an attack of the grip and was under the care of Dr. John T. Howell. A day or two ago complications developed which made her condition serious. Death was due to œdema of the lungs. Miss Odell had not been in good health for some time. The governor and other members of the family were at her bedside when she died.

Armour Has Wheat Cornered.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—J. Ogden Armour holds the wheat situation of the country in his grasp. With the purchase of 4,000,000 bushels of the May option he has completed a line of 20,000,000 bushels, which practically gives him control and places all traders in the option at his mercy. This wheat is bought in Chicago and throughout the markets of the northwest. Armour's profit were he to unload now would be $1,000,000. He can force the price up so that his profit will be from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Cost of Running White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Colonel Theodore Bingham, superintendent of public buildings and grounds in Washington, in his report to congress asks for an appropriation of $110,264 for the White House for the coming year against $35,000 for the present year. The report says: "The recent changes in the White House have resulted in a building far more expensive to maintain than formerly.

Latimer to Succeed McLaurin.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 28.—Congressman A. C. Latimer has received the unanimous vote of both branches of the general assembly for United States senator to succeed the Hon. John L. McLaurin.

New Department at Cornell.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Cornell university has added another department, a two year course in painting having this week been formally established.

REAR END COLLISION

Heavy Loss of Life In Wreck Near Westfield, N. J.

TWELVE BODIES TAKEN FROM RUINS

Four Coaches Filled With Passengers Telescoped—Fire Immediately Breaks Out, Adding to the Horror.

WESTFIELD, N. J., Jan. 28.—One of the most appalling railroad wrecks that has occurred in this vicinity for many years, the estimated loss of life ranging from twelve to thirty persons, took place last night at Graceland on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, near this place, when the Royal Blue line express plowed at top speed into the rear of a local train.

Immediately after the crash three of the shattered cars of the local train took fire, rendering impossible the rescue of many of the wounded who were pinned fast in the wreck. Many bodies are believed to have been consumed.

On board the flier all the passengers, although badly shaken up, escaped uninjured save for trifling bruises.

The train which was run into left New York at 5:45 and runs express to Bound Brook, making stops at Elizabeth, Westfield and Plainfield. Beyond Bound Brook it runs as a local. The Royal Blue train left fifteen minutes later, but travels at a higher speed and makes no stop except at Elizabeth and is scheduled to overtake the slower train just beyond Graceland, where the latter switches from track 3 on to track 4 to permit the Royal Blue to pass.

Last evening a freight train was blocked upon track 4 and the local received orders to proceed on the express track to Dunellen and there take the outside or No. 4 track. Shortly after receiving orders the train had to stop for a hot box, which delayed her so that when she got under way again she was due at Dunellen. She had just started and was moving slowly when the Royal Blue, traveling apparently at full speed, which at that point usually approximates sixty-five miles an hour, crashed into the rear end.

The heavy engine of the Royal Blue tore its way into the rear car and at the same time drove the forward end of that car into the rear end of the car ahead, which in turn was driven into the third car, and this in turn was driven into the fourth car from the rear. The fourth car was only partly wrecked, but the last three were torn to pieces.

The engine and the three worst wrecked cars were piled into an awful heap containing at least a hundred dead and injured. From the mass came fearful screams for aid. A minute later the wreck caught fire from the firebox of the locomotive. The screams of the injured in the heap were intensified as they found themselves hemmed in by the flames.

Mine Workers Adjourn.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 28.—The mine workers have completed their business and adjourned. The convention has been the most expeditious and harmonious ever held. Many important measures have been considered and acted upon. Among them are the formulation of the demand for an increase of wages of 12½ cents flat per ton on a run of mine basis and a flat differential of 7 cents per ton between pick and machine mined coal, a demand for an increase of wages of inside and outside laborers in proportion to the increase of the miners, the refusal to commit the convention to socialism and government ownership, raising of officers' salaries, the declaration against children working in mines, the demand for an anti-injunction law and the plans for a defense fund.

Eight Vessels Fast In Ice.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 28.—Private dispatches received indicate that the eight Gloucester vessels which are icebound off Newfoundland may not be able to leave their positions until spring. The schooners are valued in the aggregate at $100,000 and their combined cargoes of frozen herring at $60,000. One telegram received states that the ice has crossed the gulf of St. Lawrence, closing up the bays and harbor on the gulf side of Newfoundland.

Suffrage For Kansas Women.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 28.—The woman suffrage supporters have been assured by leading members of the legislature that a bill granting the privilege of the ballot will be passed at this session. The bill has been favorably reported in both houses, and Governor Bailey has expressed his intention of signing it when it finally passes. Republicans generally favor the measure.

Chicago's Centennial.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The programme for Chicago's centennial celebration, planned for next September, in observance of the one hundredth anniversary of the arrival of John Kinzie, the city's first permanent settler, has been decided upon. The celebration is to begin on Saturday, Sept. 26.

First Cargo of Welsh Coal.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—The British steamship Monterey, from Cardiff for Philadelphia, whose cargo consists of 5,500 tons of Welsh coal, has just arrived here. This is the first cargo of Welsh coal to reach this port since the duty was taken off by congress.

Teller's Election Legal.

DENVER, Jan. 28.—Attorney General Miller has given as an opinion that the election of Henry M. Teller as United States senator is legal, and Governor Peabody will sign the certificate of his election as soon as it shall reach him.

SETTLEMENT PLANS

Venezuela Offers Pledge For Raising Blockade.

MINISTER BOWEN AWAITS AN ANSWER

Controversy Seems Likely to Be Settled Soon and In a Satisfactory Manner—Unofficial Reports That Powers Accept.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Minister Bowen, acting for Venezuela, in return for the raising of the blockade pledges 30 per cent of the receipts of the ports of Porto Cabello and La Guayra, the same to be collected by a joint commission made up of a representative of each of the powers having claims against Venezuela.

Formal notice of the acceptance of the proposition has not come to Mr. Bowen from the representatives of the allies here. However, such unofficial information as has reached Mr. Bowen confirms him in the belief that the pending controversy will be settled "soon and satisfactorily." It is learned that the Italian government all along has favored an honorable compromise and has let its allies know the favor with which it regarded the Bowen proposition while professing a willingness to defer to their views in the matter.

The lifting of the blockade would not mean the complete withdrawal from American waters of the allied fleet, and it is understood that not only will the British American fleet remain in its accustomed winter quarters in the Caribbean, but that the German government will depart from its ancient policy, which has been to get along without station fleets, and will continue the present squadron in American waters as a permanent fleet.

England and Germany Agree.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—It is learned here that Great Britain and Germany have informed their representatives at Washington that they consider Minister Bowen's proposals regarding Venezuela's guarantees to form a satisfactory basis for further negotiations. In addition to the offer of part of the customs of La Guayra and Porto Cabello as a guarantee Mr. Bowen informed the powers that several New York banks had expressed their willingness to undertake the payment of the first claims demanded by the powers upon the basis of such guarantee.

Italy Ready to Accept.

ROME, Jan. 27.—The Italian government is ready to accept the proposition of United States Minister Bowen to set apart a certain percentage of the customs receipts of La Guayra and Porto Cabello as a guarantee for the payment of the foreign claims. The government considers that the guarantees offered by Venezuela through Minister Bowen are sufficient to warrant the raising of the blockade, which, it is understood here, will cease as soon as Germany agrees to the proposals. The foreign warships, however, will remain in Venezuelan waters.

The Carnation League.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 26.—The McKinley Carnation league has issued a call for all to observe McKinley's birthday next Thursday, Jan. 29, by wearing a carnation in the lapel of the coat.

Connecticut's Former Governor Dead

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 26.—Former Governor Charles Roberts Ingersoll, aged eighty-two years, is dead at his home here from general debility incident to old age.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call easier at 3¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86625@4.86875 for demand and at $4.8375@4.83875 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½@4.88. Commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.83¾. Bar silver, 47¾c. Mexican dollars, 37½c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular. Closing prices:

Atchison	87⅝	Ontario & West.	33⅝
Ches. & Ohio	52⅝	People's Gas	105½
Del. & Hudson	174½	Reading	61⅞
Erie	40⅝	Rock Island	47⅞
Gen. Electric	191	St. Paul	177⅜
Lead	27⅝	Sugar Refinery	130
Louis. & Nash.	126½	Texas Pacific	40
Manhattan Con.	144⅝	Union Pacific	102
Missouri Pac.	111⅜	Wabash pref.	44½
N. Y. Central	151½	West. Union	90½

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Unsettled and very dull; Minnesota patents, $4.15@4.35; winter straights, $3.50@3.65; winter extras, $2.80@3.10; winter patents, $3.65@4.

WHEAT—Opened easy, rallied on covering and then collapsed under a stampede of longs on the announcement that the big Chicago bull was unloading; May, 82⅝@83 7-16c.; July, 79½@80¼c.

RYE—Steady; state, 56@57c., c. i. f., New York; No. 2 western, 60½c., f. o. b., afloat.

CORN—Showed early firmness on covering, but eventually eased off a little with wheat; May, 50¾@51c.

OATS—Irregular and easier with other markets; track, white, state, 44@47c.; track, white, western, 44@47c.

PORK—Steady; mess, $18@18.50; family, $18.75@19.

LARD—Quiet; prime western steam, 10.40c.

BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 18@25c.; extra creamery, 26c.

CHEESE—Firm; state, full cream, fancy, small, colored, fall made, 14½c.; late made, 13¾@14c.; small, white, fall made, 14¼@14½c.; late made, 13¾c.; large, colored, fall made, 14½c.; late made, 13¾c.; large, white, fall made, 14¼c.; late made, 13¾c.

SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3 5-16c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 3¾c.; refined steady; crushed, 3.35c.; powdered, 4.85c.

EGGS—Firm; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 25c.; western, fancy, 24c.

RICE—Firm; domestic, 4¾@6¾c.; Japan, nominal.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, 32@40c.

TALLOW—Firm; city, 6⅛c.; country, 6¼@6½c.

HAY—Firm; shipping, 55@70c.; good to choice, 95c.@$1.05.

Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Market steady; choice, $5.25@5.40; prime, $5.20; good, $4.75@5; veal calves, $7.50@8.

HOGS—Market active; prime heavies, $7@7.05; mediums, $6.95; heavy Yorkers, $6.85@6.90; light Yorkers, $6.80@6.85; pigs, $6.70@6.75; roughs, $5@6.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market slow; best wethers, $4.65@4.80; culls and common, $1.75@2.50; choice lambs, $5.90@6.10.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ag

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2 Doors above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

CATARRH FOR TWENTY YEARS AND CURED IN A FEW DAYS.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa. says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 50 cents.—1

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Sillicus—"What is an aching void?" Cynicus—"Didn't you ever have a headache?"

"THOUGHT IT MEANT DEATH SURE."—Mrs. James McKim, of Dunnville, Ont., says of her almost miraculous cure from heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic."—2

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

A minute's silence has often brought greater rewards than an hour's talking.

PILL SENSE.—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Little Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old-timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations.—3

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Good deeds speak for themselves without the aid of a press agent.

ITCHING, BURNING, CREEPING, CRAWLING Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box.—4

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

There is more than a difference of syllables between a man of note and a man of notoriety.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	RETAIL PRICES.
Butter, per pound	$ 27
Eggs, per dozen	30
Lard, per pound	15
Ham, per pound	15 to 16
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	40
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4.00 to 4 40
Hay, per ton	16 00
Potatoes, (new), per bushel	75
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	06
Shoulder, do	12
Bacon, do	16
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	05
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	80
Corn meal, cwt	2 00
Bran, cwt	1 20
Chop, cwt	1 50
Middlings, cwt	1 40
Chickens, per pound, new	11
do do old	11
Turkeys do	15
Geese, do	14
Ducks, do	11
COAL.	
Number 6, delivered	3 50
do 4 and 5 delivered	4 45
do 6, at yard	3 10
do 4 and 5, at yard	4 25

RECOVERED SPEECH AND HEARING.

MESSRS. ELY BROS:—I commenced using your Cream Balm about two years ago for catarrh. My voice was somewhat thick and my hearing was dull. My hearing has been fully restored and my speech has become quite clear. I am a teacher in our town.

L. G. BROWN, Granger, O.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Poets only write when the spirit moves them, and if the spirit doesn't move them the landlord does.

In a Glass of Water.

Put a handful of *glazed coffee* in a glass of water, wash off the coating, look at it; smell it! Is it fit to drink? Give

LION COFFEE

the same test. It leaves the water bright and clear, because it's *just pure* coffee.

The sealed package insures uniform quality and freshness.

TO MAKE THE SUSQUEHANNA NAVIGABLE.

Navigation Committee Meets at Harrisburg, and Considers Plan Feasible.

The subject of converting the Susquehanna river into a navigable waterway was fully discussed at a meeting of the Navigation Committee at the Board of Trade in Harrisburg last Friday night.

A large number of letters were read from business men residing along the Susquehanna river, from points as far up-stream as the junction of the West and North branches at Sunbury and down close to where it empties into the bay. All of them expressed unreserved approval of the scheme and urged that no effort be spared to put it into effect. Many of these gave gratifying estimates of the amount of tonnage that would be available from their respective localities, and in the discussion of this feature of the value to be derived from river navigation, stress was laid upon the benefit that would accrue to the public in conditions of such freight congestions that now proves such an obstacle to the shipping of coal from the anthracite fields.

The cost of the improvement of the waterway, it was argued by some of the speakers, would speedily be made up by the business contributed to the river. An illustration of this was cited in the case of the Monongahela, which since it was opened has reaped an enormous income in the way of freights and tonnage.

QUESTION OF EXPENSE.

Captain Campbell, who is in the Department of Internal Affairs, and was formerly engaged in engineering, said he had been in conversation with a government engineer who had made a thorough inspection of the territory traversed by the Susquehanna between the point of junction and the mouth. The engineer, he said, had declared as a result of his examination a belief that the conversion of the stream to navigable uses was entirely feasible, and that the question was merely one of expense. He did not give this opinion officially, but as the expression of an expert it was highly gratifying to those interested in the plan of making the Susquehanna an artery of commerce.

As a result of the discussion it was decided to have made a summary of the reports contained in the letters from points along the river. These will be forwarded to Colonel McKenzie, Chief of the Board of Engineers of the War Department, with an urgent request that he take such steps as will lead Congress to provide for a survey of the river. No time will be lost in making this representation to the authorities at Washington.

Many School Children are Sickly

Mother Grey's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Grey, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 29-6t.

Dated Label for Canned Goods.

The doubt in a man's mind, when he buys a can of preserved food, as to how long it may have been since the canning was done will be dispelled if a bill introduced in the New York legislature becomes a law. It requires every manufacturer of canned goods, excepting canned condensed milk or cream, to print plainly upon the label the exact date of the canning. Canned goods without such label may not be sold under a penalty of $500 to wholesale and $50 to retail dealer.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

COLD WEATHER AND CRIME.

Influence of the Elements Upon The Temper of Men.

"It was noticed in police court that the cold wave had produced a spasm of morality in town," says the Kansas City "*Star*." "Only a few men were held for investigation and there had been but one fight; in consequeuce, the docket was the lightest in the memory of the court officials. The cold weather had kept people at home and out of mischief. Here is a theme for the philosopher—cold is the handmaid of morality. Pack the world in salt and ice and watch for the millennium. Shove the planet a little farther from the sun and behold a Utopia.

When you come to think of it, weather and conduct go hand in hand Who would want to see a Thanksgiving dinner in August or celebrate the Fourth of July in December? The late Congressman Cummings, when night editor of the New York "*Sun*," used to say that a gloomy, muggy day was murder weather. It made men feel surly and when they got to drinking they were apt to fight. A year or two ago the annals of the "American Academy of Political and Social Science" published the result of a laborious investigation on the effect of weather and drunkenness. The author concluded that excessive humidity, a high barometer and blustering gales increased the number of arrests for intoxication. Raise the barometer, saturate the air, speed up the wind and clap the resulting drunkards in the hold-over or build wind breaks rarify and dessicate the atmosphere and empty the jails.

"If generalization may be drawn from the effects of the cold wave in Kansas City night before last, what a paradise Greenland and Nova Zembla must be! The prison at Archangel should contain only criminals from the south of Russia, and the Spitzbergen Sunday School ought to be crowded week after week. The arctic climate must be a fine reforming agent. Who ever heard of any important Eskimo criminal. The 'hot blood' necessary to crime is naturally cooled when the mercury retreats into the thermometer bulb. Evidently the time is coming when a refrigerating machine will be an indespensable piece of equipment for any jail.

Lippincott's Magazine for February.

THE PROSPECTOR IN PARADISE.

Ly Warman tells the following story in the February *Lippincott's:*

A miner died a natural death and went straightway to his reward. He was not the first Troanduyker to die a natural death, but he was, so far as the narrator had been able to ascertain, the only one to land with his outfit on the Shining Shore. When this pioneer prospector had been there a long, long while, another miner knocked for admission.

"You can't come in," said the good man at the gate. "We have one miner here now, and he has ruined the streets. Turn a corner suddenly on the way to choir practice and you'll fall into a prospect hole. Besides, he is ever dissatisfied. No matter how good the claim, he will abandon it and go grubbing in another place. No, you can't come in."

"Now, see here, Pete," said the applicant, "I'm no parachute jumper, an' I don't want to take no chances on a long drop. You let me in, and I'll not only agree to work myself, but I'll undertake to git that duck out o'these diggin's inside of an hour. You don't know me. I'm a miner all right, but I don't do no work. I'm the walkin' boss, —see."

"All right," said Peter, turning the key slowly, "but if you fail, you go."

The new-comer peered down the shaft where the restless prospector was working and coughed. He picked up a pearl and let it fall on the miner's wing, and the miner looked up

"What have you got?" asked the man at the top.

"Four walls of solid gold," replied the prospector.

"How long have you been on the creek—that is, in the camp?"

"'Bout a hundred years. I judge."

"Say," said the walking boss, crouching close to the shaft and shading his mouth with one hand, "have you heard of the new diggin's in Hades?"

"No—what's it like?"

"Well, I've seen them bottling the pure quill—just dipping it up in the ravines and passing it through a funnel and carrying it away to cool. It's a hot country, you know."

"Are you a miner?"

"I am."

"Is that straight goods you are giving me?"

"It is, oh benighted brother, and I could say more, only my time here is limited."

In precisely thirty-eight minutes from the advent of the new-comer the prospector was out and the walking boss had jumped his claim.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, January 25, 1903.

Senator Quay assisted by the unanimous vote of the democrats in the Senate, out generalled Senator Beveridge and his republican supporters yesterday and forced a test vote on the Statehood bill, thereby demonstrating the falseness of Mr. Beveridge claim that Mr. Quay and the democrats were filibustering. The vote came on a motion to go into executive session for further consideration of the Cuban treaty.

On Tuesday Senator Quay gave notice that he would be compelled by the dilatory tactics of the republicans to insist that the Senate remain in continuous session until the Statehood bill was disposed of or a date set for the vote. On Wednesday as soon as the routine business was disposed of he moved that the Statehood bill be laid before the Senate. Senator Beveridge made no objections and Senator Burnham began a long speech against time. Thus the first clash was avoided. Throughout the day however, there was an atmosphere of suppressed excitement in the Capitol and it was felt that a clash would occur before night. About 4 p. m. Senator Burnham asked to be excused from continuing until today and Senator Cullom moved an executive session. Immediately Mr. Quay demanded the yeas and nays and the test vote was accomplished. The result 37 nays, 27 yeas and eleven pairs

***

The significance of this vote lies in the fact that Mr. Quay has proved that he represents a majority of the Senate and that on a fair vote statehood will be granted to the three territories. Filibustering by the majority is held in such disrepute that it is now believed that the republicans will no longer hold out and Mr Quay is confident that Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico will become states before the 4th of March. The republicans are talking of a compromise but after demonstrating that he has a majority of ten votes Senator Quay declares that he has no intention of compromising and will stand out for the passage of the Omnibus Statehood bill.

***

The course pursued by the Senate with regard to anti-trust legislation is regarded with grave suspicion by all true friends of trust control. Just as the House sub committee had completed an anti-trust bill which had received the approval of the democratic members of the committee and which was drawn along the lines outlined by the Attorney General, it was announced that three anti-trust measures were about to make their appearance in the Senate. One of these was, in fact introduced yesterday. It comes from the committee on Interstate Commerce and deals with those recommendations of the Attorney General affecting transportation rebates, etc.

***

It was announced some time ago that the Judiciary committee of the Senate would await the passage of an administration measure by the House before taking further action. Now that the House committee has adopted the Attorney General's recommendations and completed its bill, it is announced that the Judiciary committee is about to bring in a bill of its own. Moreover the bill creating a Department of Commerce with a view to permitting it to so amend the measure by defining the duties and powers of the proposed bureau of corporations, as to carry into effect the recommendation of Mr. Knox with regard to a commission which should have supervision of those companies doing an interstate business

***

There is grave suspicion that all of these measures have been introduced with a view to complicating the situation and making an agreement with the House impossible. It is possible that the bill introduced yesterday, governing interstate commerce, rebates, etc., may be passed, merely to satisfy the President, as it is understood that such a measure is favored by more influential railroads who see in its provisions a possible increase of profits, but it is not regarded as probable by those in a position to know that other or effective legislation will be passed by a republican Congress.

***

While no especially important legislation has been enacted by the House during the past week that body has applied itself dilligently to the passage of appropriation bills, has passed two and has several others ready for consideration. The Philippine currency bill which provides for what is popularly termed a "mongrel gold standard" for the islands is now under consideration and will doubtless pass today.

***

Minister Bowen has arrived in Washington with full power from President Castro to effect any reasonable settlement of the claims of the European powers. On arriving Mr. Bowen was met with the information that he was expected to treat with Great Britain, Germany and Italy separately and that every move in the deliberations must be referred to the home governments, conditions most discouraging to those who hope for a speedy settlement of the difficulties. The position of Germany, especially since the second bombardment of San Carlos, is regarded with grave suspicion by the officials of the State Department which promises to use its good offices to the full limit to facilitate Mr. Bowen's negotiations.

***

The charge of Representative Lessler of the House committee on Naval Affairs, that he has been offered a bribe of $5,000 by a representative of the Holland Submarine Boat Company has created considerable interest in naval circles and the charge is now being made the subject of a secret investigation by the Naval Affairs Committee.

Dr. Humphreys.

After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. **They cure the sick.**

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases mailed free.

Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Jan. 26, 1902.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M
NORTHUMBERLAND	10 35	1 50	10 00	15 25
Cameron	6 47	f2 01	10 10	15 34
Danville	6 57	2 11	10 19	5 43
Catawissa	7 10	2 25	10 32	5 56
Rupert	7 16	2 29	10 37	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 33	10 41	6 05
Espy	7 28	2 40	10 48	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 35	f2 46	f10 54	6 20
Willow Grove	f7 40	f2 50	10 57	6 24
Briarcreek	7 44	f2 53	10 59	16 27
Berwick	7 50	2 58	11 05	6 34
Beach Haven	7 58	3 03	f11 12	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 07	3 09	f11 17	16 47
Shickshinny	8 17	3 20	11 31	6 59
Huntock's	8 27	3 31	11 39	17 09
Nanticoke	8 34	3 38	11 44	7 14
Avondale	8 37	3 42	11 47	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	3 47	11 52	7 28
Plymouth Junction	8 47	3 52	11 55	7 30
Kingston	8 55	4 00	11 59	7 38
Bennett	8 58	4 03	12 02	7 42
Forty Fort	9 00	4 07	12 04	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	4 12	12 08	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	4 17	12 12	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	4 20	12 14	7 56
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 01
Duryea	9 23	4 29	12 20	8 06
Lackawanna	9 26	4 32	12 22	8 10
Taylor	9 32	4 40	12 28	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	4 45	12 32	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 25
STATIONS.	A.M	P.M.	P.M	P.M
	WEST. A.M.	A.M	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 35	1	1 55	16 10
Bellevue	6 39	3	1 59	6 14
Taylor	6 43	17	2 03	6 18
Lackawanna	7	10 24	2 10	6 24
Duryea	6	10 28	2 13	6 26
Pittston	6 57	10 33	2 17	6 30
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 37	2 19	6 32
West Pittston	7 03	10 41	2 23	6 35
Wyoming	7 08	10 46	2 27	6 40
Forty Fort	7 12	10 49	2 31	6 43
Bennett	7 15	10 52	2 34	6 47
Kingston	7 21	10 56	2 40	6 53
Plymouth	7 30	10 00	2 45	6 58
Avondale	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 03
Nanticoke	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 08
Huntock's	7 45	11 13	2 58	7 14
Shickshinny	7 15	11 19	3 06	7 21
Hick's Ferry	8 07	f11 31	3 20	f7 31
Beach Haven	8 13	11 43	3 30	7 41
Berwick	8 19	11 48	3 37	7 48
Briarcreek	f8 23	11 54	f8 44	7 53
Willow Grove	f8 27	11 01	f5 50	f8 00
Lime Ridge	8 31	f12 05	354	f8 02
Espy	8 37	12 09	3 58	8 02
Bloomsburg	8 44	12 22	4 06	8 17
Rupert	8 47	12 22	4 12	8 20
Catawissa	8 54	12 25	4 15	8 25
Danville	9 06	12 32	4 22	8 37
Cauiasky		12 44	f4 33	
Cameron	9 21	12 57	4 48	8 52
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	1 10	5 00	9 05

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.—ARRIVE. a.m	a.m.	p m	p.m.	STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE a.m	p m	p.m.	p.m
7.10	12.10	6.00	2.15	Bloomsb'g	8.50	2 57	6 28	6.10
7.06	12.05	5.55	2.10	" P. & P	8.52	2.59	6.27	
7.01	12.02	5.53	2.08	" Main st.	8.55	3.02	6.30	
7.53	11.53	5.42	1.50	Paper Mill	9.05	3.52	6.46	
6.50	11.50	5.39	1.45	..Light st.	9.08	3.55	6.44	6.37
6.40	11.42	5.31	1.30	Orangeville	9.16	4.03	6.53	6.50
6.39	11.33	5.21	1.00	...Forks..	9.26	4.13	6.03	7.10
6.28	11.29	5.17	12.53	...Zaner's..	9.30	4.17	6.07	7.35
6.18	11.21	5.08	12.45	Stillwater	9.38	4.25	6.15	7.45
6.08	11.13	5.00	12.35	...Benton..	9.46	4.33	7.23	8.00
6.04	11.09	4.56	12.10	...Edson's...	9.50	4.37	7.27	8.30
6.02	11.06	4.53	12.06	.Cole's Cr'k	9.53	4.40	7.31	8.40
5.53	11.02	4.48	11.58	...Lapbach..	9.58	4.45	7.41	8.46
5.43	10.51	4.38	11.45	...Central	10 08	5.52	7.51	9.00
5.40	10.48	4.35	11.30	.Jam. City.	10.98	5.55	7.55	9.5
am	am	pm	pm		am	pm	pm	a.m
LEAVE				Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902				ARRIVE

B. & S. R. R.

‡ Weekdays. f Flag station.

T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

WEEDS

Consumption is a human weed flourishing best in weak lungs. Like other weeds it's easily destroyed while young; when old, sometimes impossible.

Strengthen the lungs as you would weak land and the weeds will disappear.

The best lung fertilizer is Scott's Emulsion. Salt pork is good too, but it is very hard to digest.

The time to treat consumption is when you begin trying to hide it from yourself. Others see it, you won't.

Don't wait until you can't deceive yourself any longer. Begin with the first thought to take Scott's Emulsion. If it isn't really consumption so much the better; you will soon forget it and be better for the treatment. If it is consumption you can't expect to be cured at once, but if you will begin in time and will be rigidly regular in your treatment you will win.

Scott's Emulsion, fresh air, rest all you can, eat all you can, that's the treatment and that's the best treatment.

We will send you a little of the Emulsion free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, *Chemists,* 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

50c. and $1; all druggists.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect November 16, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.37 11.30 a. m. 3.33 p. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.37 a. m., 3.33 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.37 a. m. 3.33 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.37, 11.30 a. m. 12.20, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.37, 11.30 a. m., 12.20 3.33, 6.30, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia, 8.10 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 2.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a. m., 6.5 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 8.26, 8.20 a. m. 1.38, 8.36 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 8.44, 8.38, 11.46 a. m. 1.38, 8.46 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut St. and South st. Ferries.

ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY	OCEAN CITY
*6.00 A. M., Lcl.	§7.30 A. M.	§8.20 A. M.
§7.30 A. M., Exc	†8.30 A. M.	*8.45 A. M.
*9.00 A. M., Ex.	*8.45 A. M.	§9.15 A. M.
§10.00 A. M., Ex.	§9.15 A. M.	†a1.40 P. M.
†10.45 A. M., Ex.	†a1.40 P. M.	†b4.10 P. M.
§1.30 P. M., Ex.	†b4.10 P. M.	§5.00 P. M.
†2.00 P. M., Ex.	§5.00 P. M.	†c5.40 P. M.
†4.00 P. M., Ex	†c5.40 P. M.	SEA ISLE
*5.00 P. M., Ex.		§7.30 A. M.
*5.00 P. M., Ecl.		*8.45 A. M.
*c5.40 P. M.		†b4.10 P. M.
*7.15 P. M., Ex.		§5.00 P. M.
		†c5.40 P. M.

"*" Daily. "§" Sundays. "†" Weekdays. "‡" Saturday. "a" via subway. "b" south St. 4.00. "c" South St. 5.30. "a" South St. 1.35. "k" does not connect for Eagles Mere saturday night "§" $1.00 Excursion.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

W. A. GARRETT, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Beagle Studio!

Prompt attention given to all

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MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

Excursion Rates.

Taking effect January 1st, 1903 the Lackawanna Railroad Co. will sell excursion tickets to nearly all stations on their line. This will be another improvement that will be appreciated by the traveling public, the tickets will be good for thirty days including date of sale stopover will not be allowed. 1-14t

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 25, 1902

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
Scranton(D & H)lv	§ 6 38	§ 9 38	§ 1 42	§ 4 27
Pittston " lv	7 05	f10 00	f 2 10	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre....lv	§ 7 25	§10 35	§ 2 45	§ 6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	f 7 32	f10 42	f 2 52	f 6 07
Nanticoke..... "	7 42	10 50	3 01	6 17
Mocanaqua..... "	8 01	11 07	3 20	6 37
Wapwallopen.. "	8 12	11 16	3 31	6 47
Nescopeck.....ar	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Pottsville.....lv	§ 5 50		11 55	2 45
Hazleton ..... "	7 05		12 52	3 05
Tomhicken..... "	7 22		1 11	3 15
Fern Glen..... "	7 29		1 18	3 22
Rock Glen..... "	7 35			
Nescopeck.....ar	8 00		1 45	4 00
Catawissa.....				
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	§ 8 18	§11 26	§ 3 42	§ 7 00
Creasy..... "	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 01
Espy Ferry..... "	f 8 42	11 46	f 4 02	7 20
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
		P. M.		
Catawissa.....ar	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
Catawissa.....lv	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
S. Danville.... "	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Sunbury..... "	9 35	12 40	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury.....lv	§ 9 42	§12 48	§ 5 10	§ 9 46
Lewisburg....ar	10 13	1 45	5 40	.....
Milton..... "	10 08	1 39	5 35	10 07
Williamsport.. "	11 00	1 41	6 30	10 55
Lock Haven... "	11 59	2 20	7 34	.....
Renovo..... "	A. M.	3 00	8 30	.....
Sinnemahoning "	.....	8 25	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven...lv	§12 10	12 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte.....ar	1 05	1 44	.....	.....
Tyrone..... "	2 20	16 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg.... "	4 35	18 02	.....	.....
Clearfield ..... "	5 25	18 45	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	6 55	110 45	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	§ 9 50	§ 1 59	§ 5 20	§ 8 31
Harrisburg....ar	§11 30	§ 3 15	6 50	110 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia..ar	§ 3 17	6 23	§10 20	§ 4 25
Baltimore..... "	3 11	6 00	§ 9 45	2 30
Washington.... "	4 10	7 15	§10 55	4 05
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury.....lv	§10 00	§ 2 15	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	11 45	§ 4 05	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	§ 6 55	§10 45	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Harrisburg.....lv	§ 11 45	15 00	§ 7 15	§10 25
		A. M.	A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg.....ar	§ 6 55	11 50	§ 1 50	§ 5 30

§ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

	P. M.	p. m	a. m.	a. m
Pittsburg.....lv	§ 7 10	§ 9 00	§ 3 00	§ 8 00
Harrisburg.....ar	A. M. 2 00	A. M. 4 20	9	P. M. 3 10
		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Pittsburg.....lv	.....	.....	... .	† 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc."	.....	† 7 30		† 3 00
Sunbury..... ar	.....	† 9 20		† 4 50
	p. m.	A. M.	A. M.	a. m
Washington....lv	§10 40	.....	† 7 50	§10 50
Baltimore..... "	§11 41	† 4 40	† 8 40	§11 45
Philadelphia... "	§11 20	† 4 25	† 8 30	§11 40
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv	§ 3 35	§ 7 55	§11 40	† 3 20
Sunbury.....ar	§ 5 00	§ 9 36	1 08	† 5 05
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
Pittsburg.....lv	§12 45	.....	§ 3 00	§ 8 00
Clearfield ..... "	3 50	.....	.....	9 28
Philipsburg.... "	4 40	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone..... "	7 00	.....	1	12 25
Bellefonte..... "	8 16	.....	9 32	1 05
Lock Haven...ar	9 15	.....	10 30	§2 10
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie.....lv	§ 5 35	.....	.....	.....
Kane..... "	8 45	.....	.....	§ 5 00
Renovo..... "	11 50	† 6 45	10 30	.....
Lock Haven.... "	12 38	† 7 35	11 25	§ 3 00
	A. M.		P. M.	
Williamsport.. "	2 29	§ 8 30	†12 40	4 06
Milton..... "	3 23	9 17	1 25	4 46
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 42
Sunbury..... ar	3 24	9 46	1 55	5 15
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	56 45	§ 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 25
S. Danville..... "	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Catawissa..... "	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
E. Bloomsburg"	7 37	10 43	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry..... "	7 42	§10 47		† 6 19
Creasy..... "	7 53	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck ....ar	8 02	11 05	3 05	6 40
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Catawissa.....lv	7 32	†10 38	12 36	† 7 05
Nescopeck.....	8 23			6 08
Rock Glen..... ar		11 22	5 05	7 28
Fern Glen..... "	8 31	11 28	5 32	7 34
Tomhicken..... "	8 58	11 33	5 38	7 42
Hazleton ..... "	9 19	11 58	5 59	8 02
Pottsville..... "	10 15		6 55	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck.....lv	† 8 02	§11 05	† 3 05	† 6 40
Wapwallopen.ar	8 19	11 20	3 20	7 02
Mocanaqua..... "	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Nanticoke ..... "	8 53	11 54	3 49	7 19
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	9 03	12 02	3 57	7 28
Wilkesbarre... "	9 10	12 10	4 05	8 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Pittston(D & H) ar	† 9 39	§12 55	† 4 56	† 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 24	5 24	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. E. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages, **Ely's Cream Balm** cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—not produce sneezing. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

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Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

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PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Station D, Phila., Pa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

PUBLIC SALES So frequently have we been called upon to to provide bank notes suitable for Public Sales that we decided to get up a form especially adapted to this purpose. These notes are payable at this Bank and relieve you of all trouble as you can leave them with us for collection free of charge.

We Furnish These Notes

Free of Charge.

First National Bank,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1903.

CREASY'S BILL FOR A SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

Democratic State Chairman Steals a March on His Republican Colleagues in the Legislature.

Democratic State Chairman Creasy stole a march on his Republican colleagues in the Legislature by offering a bill to appropriate $150,000 for the erection of a monument on Capitol Hill to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers and sailors who participated in the war of the Rebellion, from 1861 to 1865. Mr. Creasy's measure provides for the appointment of a commission of five citizens of Pennsylvania by the Governor to supervise the selection and erection of the monument.

Though nearly thirty-eight years have elapsed since the close of the Civil war, Pennsylvania has no monument to the soldiers of the Rebellion at the capital. After the termination of the Mexican War the Legislature hastened to place a column on the hill to the memory of the Pennsylvanians who fell in that conflict. Mr. Creasy thought that, while a bill was being rushed through this Legislature to erect a monument to Simon Cameron, and while an effort was being made to join with Virginia to place a statue of the Confederate General, Robert E. Lee, this would be a good time to agitate for a monument to the soldiers and sailors who fell in the War of the Rebellion.

"Mr. Creasy's bill will prove a problem to the Republicans in this Legislature," said a Democratic member. "If they don't pass it, they will be censured by the old soldiers, and if they do, the Democratic State Chairman will get the credit of proposing it."

BALLOT REFORMERS MEET.

Committee Holds a Long Session at Democratic Headquarters.

The Committee on Ballot Reform of the Democratic State Committee appointed to draft a new election and personal registration law in conformity with the pledges of the Erie convention, met Friday in Harrisburg.

Participating in the conference were John J. Green, the chairman; John H. Fow, J. K. Van Dyke, the secretary, and William T. Creasy, chairman of the State Committee. The absentees were George W. Guthrie, who is in Florida, and W. U. Hensel and John S. Rilling, prevented from attending by business engagements.

The subject was carefully discussed. Mr. Fow submitted the draft of a bill that involves many of the features of the New Jersey law. Mr. Creasy favored the Australian system. It was decided to meet again on the evening of January 29, when the Democratic members of the Legislature will be invited to attend.

With a bill pending in the Legislature of Pennsylvania to provide for a statue of Lee and one in the Congress of the United States appropriating headstones to mark the graves of Confederate soldiers buried in the North, it would seem that the era of good feeling was at the very threshold of universal brotherhood in the American nation.

HOW TO GET GOOD ROADS.

It is gratifying to learn from Governor Pennypacker's inaugural address that he appreciates the importance of an improved system of public roads. Whether the money necessary to put the roads of the State in a satisfactory condition can be provided as the Governor suggested, by a tax on some of our natural products or not, is not essential.

The funds which the State should provide in addition to local taxes for road purposes can be secured easily. There is already in the State Treasury a surplus that could not be put to better use. The way for good roads is clear and easy of accomplishment.

Some objections and apparently valid ones have been raised to Senator Sproul's bill. It is not necessary in order to secure the needed reform to do more than make the appropriation provided for in the road law approved by Governor Hastings in 1897. This bill was prepared by Hon. John Hamilton, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, after profound study and with great care, and seems to be adequate in every respect. It authorizes sufficient State aid in addition to the local taxes for road purposes and institutes continuing boards of supervisors, provides for the employment of skilled road masters and everything necessary for a scientific and systematic improvement of the roads in the State.

With the million dollars required to make this bill effective a single year would be sufficient to show such an improvement that the people would never think of going back to the present method, which has given Pennsylvania about the worst roads in the whole Nation and which have greatly retarded the material progress of the State.

The Governor could not do better in the consultations with politicians which he proposes to hold than to persuade them to make the Hamilton road law effective without delay This is the simple, direct way to get the good roads which the Governor earnestly favors.—*Patriot.*

According to the Postmaster General's report, the rural free delivery service is being developed so rapidly that it is expected to cover the rural districts of the entire country within the next three years. When that achievement is realized the total area covered by the daily free delivery system will be about a million square miles. This completed service will require about 40,000 carriers, and its gross annual cost, not counting the compensating revenue, will be about $24,000,000. And there is no doubt that it will be well worth the money, increasing the value of the farms, bringing the farmers and the dwellers in the rural regions generally into close touch with the business, social, educational and religious influences that are constantly lifting the country up to a higher plane.

A Cough

"I have made a most thorough trial of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and am prepared to say that for all diseases of the lungs it never disappoints."
J. Early Finley, Ironton, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral won't cure rheumatism; we never said it would. It won't cure dyspepsia; we never claimed it. But it will cure coughs and colds of all kinds. We first said this sixty years ago; we've been saying it ever since.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

LICENSE COURT.

Out of Seven Applicants in Berwick, But Two are Granted.

An adjourned session of license Court was held in Room No. 2, Wednesday morning at ten o'clock.

The application of J. H. Fairman for hotel license in Berwick was granted.

The application for wholesale license of J. F. Shoemaker, in Berwick to store and sell malt and brewed liquors, was taken up. Witnesses for application were himself, B. F. Spoonenberg, former proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel, Edward Schenck, at present proprietor of a restaurant in Berwick.

Edward Womer's application for hotel license in Centralia borough taken up.

This is a new applicant for the old Centralia house. His fitness was proven and license granted.

The application of C. E. Crawford, in Light Street was withdrawn and witnesses in the case discharged.

Applications of J. F. Shoemaker, Jacob Salsburg and M. Friedlander, for wholesale license in Berwick were refused and the application of Andrew Lynch for wholesale license in said borough granted. The hotel applications of Dan'l Eckard and Frank Friesler, in West Berwick were refused. The above were new applications.

John J. O'Donnell and Patrick O'Reilly, new applications for restaurant license in Centralia borough, were granted. The application of James Flynn, for wholesale license in Centralia borough was withdrawn.

Application of Samuel Cosgrove, for a license in Conyngham township, refused.

The new application at Aristes in Conyngham township, was granted on the 19th.

Petition to satisfy mortgage of Marietta Drake, presented by C. W. Miller, attorney, and the court made an order that the Recorder satisfy the same upon payment of the proper cost.

At the request of B. F. Zarr, Esq, the cases of Thomas E. Harder vs. John A. Shuman and Evenden Bros. vs. S. G. Bryfogle, were continued.

UNIFORM DIVORCE LAWS.

All Religious Bodies to co Enlisted in Movement.

The Episcopal, Presbyterian and Methodist committees, in furtherance of common action by religious bodies to secure uniform marriage and divorce laws, met in New York and elected an Executive Committee, of which Bishop Doane of Albany, has been made Chairman and Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, Stated clerk of the Presbyterian General Assembly, Secretary.

The meeting was in St. Bartholomew's parish house, and there were present Bishop Doane, Rev. Dr. Green and Rev. Dr. John Fulton, Philadelphia, representing the Episcopal Church; Rev. Drs. Roberts and Dickey, Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. McIlvain, Baltimore; Rev. Dr. Niccolis, St. Louis; Rev. Dr. McCoughan, Chicago; Judge Lanning, Trenton, and John E. Parsons, New York, repreasanting the Presbyterians, and Bishop Andrew, Rev. Dr. W. V. Kelley and Judge Reynolds, representing the Methodists.

The delegates agreed in the opinion that common action by all religious bodies in America is desirable to abate the number of divorces, and to secure uniform laws on the subject of marriage. The Executive Committee was elected for the purpose of directing the common aim and enlisting representatives of other religious bodies. Work is to be undertaken at once by the secretary of the committee.

Charters Must Be Definite.

Governor Pennypacker has called a halt upon indiscriminate granting of charters by the State Department to associations whose stated purposes of incorporation are vague, indefinite or of too blanket a character.

Attorney General Hampton L. Carson, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Lewis E. Beitler and Corporation Clerk John F. Whiteworth were all in consultation with the Governor Friday regarding four charters which he declined to sign until the purposes of corporation were made specific and plain. The language of the stated reason for organization was amended to meet his views and the charters issued.

It is the first occasion within the memory of the oldest employee of the State Department when a Governor questioned what is regarded as a mere routine affair, or did anything but sign in a perfunctory way what was handed him.

The Y. M. C. A. has ordered parallel bars and a vaulting horse for the gymnasium. Never before has there been such interest manifested in gymnasium work, and the purchase of this new apparatus will increase it still more.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula—as ugly as ever since time immemorial.

It causes bunches in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"A bunch appeared on the left side of my neck. It caused great pain, was lanced, and became a running sore. I went into a general decline. I was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken six bottles my neck was healed, and I have never had any trouble of the kind since." MRS. K. T. SNYDER, Troy, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as they have rid thousands.

DEATH OF C. M. BLAKER.

General Charles M. Blaker, whose illness was noted in these columns last week, died of Brights disease, at the home of his cousin Dr. Honora Robbins Grimes, on First Street about eleven o'clock Saturday morning. He had been in poor health for several years. Since the early part of October, his condition had been critical and only once or twice since that time had he been able to be out. His last appearance on the street, was in December, when he called in the COLUMBIAN office. There was a great change in his appearance, and his pallid features denoted the seriousness of his illness.

Gen. Blaker, was born in Hemlock township, this county October 30th, 1834. He studied law with the late Robert F. Clark, and was admitted to the bar, but never engaged actively in the pursuit. During the Civil War he served as Brigadier General of the State Militia, for Luzerne, Sullivan, Wyoming, Montour and Columbia Counties. At the close of the war he went west, and was Clerk of the Senate of Nebraska. Later he returned to this County, and for a number of years taught school. He took a manifest interest in the political affairs of the country and by reason of his constant reading was able to advance good argument on most any subject. He had a large acquaintance and was well liked for his earnestness and good nature.

He is survived by four half sisters and two half brothers. The funeral occurred Tuesday morning. The remains were taken to Greenwood for interment.

Mrs. McHenry Dying in the Penitentiary.

Mrs. Alice McHenry, wife of the late Thomas W. McHenry, who was called from his bed on the night of February 3, 1901 and cruelly murdered, is now dying of consumption in the Eastern Penitentiary, where she is serving a term of one year and six months, for having perjured herself, in giving evidence in connection with the case. Though her term will end in April next, the managers of the institution say that she will not live until its expiration, and they have written the Court requesting that an application be made to the Board of Pardons for her release. It is her expressed wish that she be permitted to die among friends. If the woman knows more about the murder of her husband, than she has yet told, she may now, conscious as she is of death's approach, disclose it.

Catawissa Division Busy.

Twenty trains a day, in addition to the local freight and passenger trains are now passing through Catawissa each day, on the P. & R., and that road is busier than it has been for many a day. The engines which are stationed at Catawissa number about twenty-one and are constantly kept in use. The railroad men are consequently making better time and more wages. The coal is principally bituminous and the average number of cars to a train is thirty-six making the average number of cars 720 and the average number of tons hauled upwards of 12,000 per day.

Notice.

The A. M. E. Church having been recently remodeled and as I have labored hard to pay off the debt, and have not quite raised enough yet to settle all the claims, I want to keep my word with the creditors, my word is all that I have. Now if there is a friend or friends that will help me keep my word and help a good cause by giving a donation to the above named church, please send your contribution to the Pastor, and I shall see that the amount is paid on the debt of the same. Any amount will be thankfully received. Please send us a donation for a good cause, and God will bless you and yours.

REV. F. A. J. WEST,
No. 169 William Street,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elisha Stiner late of Centre township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elisha Stiner, late of Centre township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to JOANNA STINER,
CLINTON HERRING, Administrator.
Atty. 1-29-6t*

BIG REDUCTIONS

IN ALL WINTER

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

AT

Townsend's

FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Sale of Winter Underwear This Week

More shelf cleaning here. Good dependable, warm winter underwear for men, women and children at lower prices than they'll again be offered for another year.

MISSES' AND BOYS' GRAY RIBBED UNDERWEAR.

Size 16,	Reduced to	5c.;	Size 26,	Reduced to	18c.
" 18,	"	" 8c.;	" 28,	"	" 20c.
" 20,	"	" 10c.	" 30,	"	" 25c.
" 22,	"	" 12c.	" 32,	"	" 25c.
" 24,	"	" 15c.	" 34,	"	" 30c.

50c. Quality of Men's Fleeced Underwear, Reduced to 39c.
50c. " " " Shirts, (No Drawers,) Wool and Cotton Reduced to 25c.

A lot of odds and ends in underwear at half price.
Misses Ecru Ribbed underwear, all sizes, reduced to 12½c.
10 per cent discount on all other underwear.

Corsets.

A big lot of $1.00 Corsets, reduced to 49c.

Our Shoe Sale will end Saturday, Jan. 31st.

You possibly know the kind of shoes we sell at this store. If you don't know, we would like you to visit this store and take a look at this shoe stock. Every pair of shoes will have a reduced price on them this week.

Linen Sale will begin Saturday, January 31st.

Some Special Good Values in the Grocery Department.

Prunes, 5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 16c and 20c lb.
Pie Peaches, 10c can or 3 cans for 25c.
Fancy Table Peaches 3 lb. can 18 cents.
12 cakes Art Soap for 25 cents.
Extra Standard Tomatoes 3 lb. can 10c.
One brand of blended flour, 50 lbs. for $1;00.

F. P. Pursel.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jeremiah J. Brower, late of the town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to E. B. Brower, resident of said town, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to E. B. BROWER,
Executor.
FREEZE, Atty.
1-29 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Eliza B. Brower, late of the town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to E. B. Brower, resident of said town, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to E. B. BROWER,
Executor.
FREEZE, Atty.
1-29 6t

Lamps! Large and small, a very large line at Mercer's, Drug and Book Store.

A very fine line of albums, and some beauties too, at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, 75c. to $4.50

WINTER SHOES

We have the most complete lines of all styles in hoes.

Our Stock Combines Style, Comfort and Service,

and from it YOU CAN SATISFY any taste and suit any Purse.

☞ We have them in all Leathers.

Chas. M. Evans,

HYCIENIC SHOES FOR CHILDREN.

The Farmers National Bank

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CAPITAL, $60,000. - - - SURPLUS $60,000.

A strong, progressive bank wields a powerful influence in the business affairs of a community, and it should be gratifying to know that the aims and efforts of this bank are to promote the welfare of its customers as they would their own.

You are cordially welcome to call upon and consult us at all times, before making your investments.

Deposits received from $1.00 up to any amount; the same courtesy shown to all.

C. M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

DIRECTORS:

H. A. McKILLIP,	C. A. KLEIM,	J. J. BROWN,
N. U. FUNK,	J. L. MOYER,	C. W. RUNYON.
GRANT HERRING,	WM. M. REBER,	C. M. CREVELING,

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1903.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1898.

NEW FEATURES.

THE COLUMBIAN has arranged for a series of articles which will be of interest to all Patrons of Husbandry. This matter is edited by J. W. Darrow of Chatham, N. Y., correspondent of the New York State Grange. A column of it will be given each week.

We shall also publish weekly a column of agricultural articles. We shall be glad at any time to receive communications from any one interested in the development of agriculture in this county, and will publish them without the signature if desired. In this day of progress the successful farmer is the man who is striving to get out of the old ruts, and who is willing to try new methods. We hope to be of some assistance in this direction.

Another feature will be a two column story weekly.

Has Bought Lockard Building.

On Monday a deed was closed by which Mayor John R. Townsend becomes the owner of the Lockard building, corner of Main and Center streets. The price paid was about $17000. The building was bought in recently by the Freeland National Bank, at Sheriff's sale. It is one of the best business buildings in town. Mr. Townsend will remove his clothing store there on April 1st.

[Bell Telephone.]

On cold days it is not necessary to "bundle up" with heavy, cumbersome clothing, if you wear a perfect-fitting, tailor-made

Frost King or Frost Queen Chamois Vest

These garments insure a maximum of protection with a minimum of weight.

Price, $3.00
FOR SALE BY

W. S. RISHTON,

Market Square Pharmacist.

NOTE—In case you don't wear a chamois vest and catch cold, don't forget our

COLD-I-CURE.

It never fails to cure a cold in a day or two.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Mrs. R. C. Neal of Harrisburg, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is recovering.

Mrs. J. G. Quick is reported to be getting better. She has had typhoid fever.

No cracked collars at the Gem Steam Laundry. Try us.

Dr. J. H. Montgomery, of Buckhorn, on Monday presented several books to the Public Library.

Callendar pads, large and small, for 1903 for sale at this office, singly or in quantities. 18-3t

The many friends of J. M. Staver will be glad to know that he is improving. He has been seriously ill.

The Liberty Fire Company will hold a ladies' and gentlemen's euchre this evening at the hose house.

Seven years in business is our reference. Gem Steam Laundry

Louis Rosenthal has rented the J. K. Lockard house on Fifth street, and will move there on April 1st.

Hair brushes, nail brushes, cloth brushes, tooth brushes, nail brushes etc., at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Mrs. Judge Elwell who has been ill for the past month, is convalescent, and is now able to sit up a little while each day.

William Mather, junior member of the firm of Supplee—Mather has purchased the Mrs. McKinney property on Market Street.

Geo. S. Alleman and Miss May B. Lunger were married by Rev. M. E. McLinn at the Lutheran parsonage Wednesday evening.

Next Thursday night the beautiful play "The Night Before Christmas" will be here. Those who failed to see this production last season should not miss it this time.

Albert Dent, who has been a conductor on the electric cars since the line was opened has resigned and accepted a position as locomotive fireman on the D. L. & W. R. R.

We have just received a very large line of some of the latest books. Please call and see them at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Bear in mind the supper in the basement of the Lutheran Church this evening. The ladies have prepared a very nice menu, and the price is but 15 cents. Ice cream and cake extra.

Both telephone companies have placed booths in the D. L. & W. Railroad station thus furnishing direct communication to all parts of the country. They are proving a great convenience to the public.

You can find the nicest and largest line of bibles large and small in Bloomsburg at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Ex-County Treasurer Jeremiah Snyder on Friday, having become convinced of the error of his way, transferred the balance of funds in his hands to his successor. The annual statement is now being prepared.

Next Thursday evening, Feb. 5, the choir of the Methodist church of Bloomsburg will give a concert in the Methodist church at Lime Ridge. Admission will be 10 and 20 cents. The proceeds will be devoted to the Lime Ridge church.

A fifteen cent supper will be served by St. Margaret's Guild in the Parish House, Thursday, February 5th, starting at 5 o'clock. Menu: Cold ham, veal loaf, baked beans, hot tea biscuit, Saratoga potatoes, cold slaw. Ice cream and cake extra.

J. Lee Martin has purchased a National Cash Register. It has five drawers and is the only one of the kind in town. It will not only be of great service in the transaction of his business but adds wonderfully to the appearance of the store as well.

The basket ball team of Susquehanna University will try conclusions with the Normal in the pymnasium tomorrow evening. The Normal boys propose to redeem themselves for the two defeats administered up the river last week and a good lively game may be expected.

The A. M. E. Church dinner and supper Tuesday, February the 3rd in Mr. Clark's Basement on Center street. Dinner from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Chicken and waffles from 4 p. m. to 10 p. m. All are invited to come and dine and get something worth eating and help the Church. Price 25 cts.

It may be interesting to the many friends of Hope Furman in town to know that he is now holding a good position with the Penna. Railroad Company. He is fireman on the fast freight between Northumberland and Lock Haven. His family is living at the former place. His salary, he informed the writer on Tuesday, averages nearly one hundred dollars a month.

"My Island Prince," a poorly named, and poorly acted play dropped in upon us Friday night. The leading lady and gentleman were, to all appearances, in love with each other, and they carried their parts a trifle too far. There was scarcely a good character in the outfit. The piece contained some admirable invention, but the company could not present it.

Some people are of the opinion that all night service on the electric railway would be a great convenience. This, however, is a matter of conjecture. As a matter of course, all night cars would receive some patronage but not enough to pay. The present schedule, we believe, answers every purpose. The last car from Berwick now transports but few passengers, and quite frequently it comes down from Espy without a solitary passenger on board.

Arthur W. Blair of Lewisburg, well known in Bloomsburg, and a graduate of Bucknell University, was found unconscious in his boarding house in Pittsburg, where he had been employed by the American Steel and Wire Company, on Sunday. It appears that before retiring he had lighted a gas stove in the room and neglected turning it off. He died shortly after being removed from the room. He was twenty-nine years of age.

Certificates of nomination for the election of township and borough officers shall be filled with the County Commissioners at least eighteen days before the day of election and nomination papers fifteen days before such election. This will make January 30 the last day for certificates of nomination and February 2nd the last day to file nomination papers for the election to be held on February 17, 1903. The blanks for same are furnished by the county and can be had by calling at the office of the County Commissioners.

The A. & T. Biograph Co. have been exhibiting in towns up the West Branch the past week. Notwithstanding the fact that some of the places visited, notably Milton and Lewisburg, have nearby parks, where moving pictures are given throughout the summer, business has been quite satisfactory. By the way, Lewisburg can boast of one of the prettiest and most complete Opera Houses to be found anywhere outside of the large cities. They play but one attraction a week and we were informed by the management that the house has always been a good dividend payer.

PURELY PERSONAL

Geo. E. Elwell is in Philadelphia on business.

Mr William Shoemaker of East Sixth street is visiting in Scranton.

Miss Annie Hassert was the guest of friends at Scranton over Sunday.

Oliver Watts of Middletown, Pa., has been visiting in town the past few days.

F. C. Williams of Scranton visited his father E. P. Williams in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs W. D. Walters of Tunkhannock are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Roys.

Mrs. E. B. Tustin returned home on Tuesday from a visit with her mother in Harrisburg.

Mrs. William Wren and daughter are guests of Mrs. Wren's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Woods on Iron street.

Louis Bernhard, Sr., who went up to Scranton two weeks ago to look after his son Louis Jr's jewelry store while he went to New York City, returned home yesterday.

H. V. White is this week attending a meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, of which he is the first vice president. He will also attend a meeting of the Board of Trustees of State College before returning home.

Rev. Dr. J. D. Thomas of the Reformed Church, preached at Coburn, Center County, last Saturday evening, at St. Paul on Sunday morning, Salem Sunday afternoon, Aaronsburg Sunday evening, and Millheim Monday evening.

Rev. Bruce Birch, of Susquehanna University, preached two good and impressive sermons in the Lutheran church on Sunday. Large congregations were in attendance. Rev. Birch is professor of Greek and Latin at the above institution. He returned to Selinsgrove on Monday accompanied by his mother who will spend the winter with him.

It is rumored that some extensive changes will be made in the First National Bank building after April 1st. The changes suggested are: the erection of a stairway where the United States Express Co. office is, and throwing of the present stairway into the banking room. It is also said that a part of the Townsend store room will be thrown into the bank, leaving a smaller store room for rent. On this rumor there have already been several applicants for the room.

Samuel Adams, a prominent farmer south-west of Berwick and Adam Sult, well known as mail carrier in former years, and a wonderful walker, visited our city on Tuesday. Adam Sult when mail carrier, would walk from Berwick to Red Rock and back again the same day which could beat any horse. At one time he almost reached Harrisburg in one day by walking nearly 95 miles. They brought down the Democratic returns from Briarcreek. Mr. Sult is candidate for supervisor. Mr. Adams is the standing committeeman of Briarcreek. Mr. Adams brings us the intelligence that Joseph Lemon is not expected to live from day to day. Causes—rheumatism and now pneumonia.

"At Valley Forge," which will be the attraction at the Opera House, Tuesday evening next posesses a stirring heart story told in a logical and impresive manner. The scenes are laid in and around old Valley Forge and historic Trenton, at the close of the great Revolutionary War. Briefly, the story concerns a dashing captain of General Washington's army and the pretty daughter of a Tory Colonel, and in the development of the plot the fortunes of the heroine and the hero are closely followed to the end which comes with the fall of Yorktown and the ending of the war of the Revolution. The climaxes are particularly well devised following each other in a logical sequence. The production is spoken of as being unusual in its elegance and correctness. Mr. Frederick montague and Miss Blanche Alexander will be seen in the feature roles and their support is said to include many well known names.

The One Package Dye

in red printed wrappers, colors cotton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 10c any color. New Peerless, Elmira, N Y. 4t

Mustard Caused Death.

The coroner's inquest on the death of Ralph R. Logan, of Reading, cousin of William Logan and family, of Bloomsburg, rendered a verdict that death was caused by dilatation of the right auricla, causing paralysis of the heart; dilatation being caused by violent straining, due to irritation of the stomach from the excessive use of mustard. It will be remembered that the young man had died suddenly after eating a ham sandwich and at the inquest it was testified that he had covered both sides of the ham in his sandwich with mustard.—Danville *News*.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CLARK'S

Have placed on Sale the most complete and Extensive line of

TABLE LINENS.

in the newest patterns. All pure linen goods made from long Fibre, bright yarn linen. The prices are very low for the respective qualities.

Bleached Damask.

52 in	All Linen	50	cents	yard
56 "	"	"	55	"	"
62 "	"	"	75	"	"
72 "	"	"	1.00		"
70 "	"	"	1.00		"

Unbleached Damask.

58 in	All Linen	55	cents	yard
68 "	"	"	50	"	"
60 "	"	"	54	"	"
72 "	"	"	1.00		"

Towlings.

All Linen Brown Towlings 8, 9, 10, 12½, and 15c. yard.

Bleached towlings all Linen 10, 12½, 15c yard.

Towels.

A good Huck Towel	12½ cts.
Heavy Huck Towel	25 cts.
Damask Towels,	25 cts.
Fine Damask Towels	50 cts.

LAST WEEK of the Discount Sale—DON'T TARRY.

Dress Trimmings For Spring.

New Drops, New Pendants, New Bands, New Buttons, New Braids, Fagotings, etc.

Spring Dress Ginghams.

Handsomer than ever. You should see them. Best seersuckers 10c. a yard. Best Chambras all colors.

All Millinery at Big Reduction in price to close.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

$2.00 and $2.50.

$3.00 and $3.50

A Handsome Pair of Shoes

for any member of your family can be had here, and SHOES YOU CAN FIND NO FAULT WITH, because there's no fault to be found. There is everything in being well shod, and we know our Shoes strike the acme of excellence in footwear. You can't help not only finding but taking

Comfort in SHOES Like Ours,

which present a happy combination of superiority in the main points of fit, style, material, workmanship and prices. For instance our $2.50 Colonial Dame, and Bordman Shoes for Women.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 44.

They Fitted Him.

A gentleman came to me that had a pair of glasses that seemed to work all right, but he wanted to be sure he was wearing the correct thing. He didn't want to take any chances with his eyes. If they could be bettered he wanted it done, and if not he would then feel satisfied. I made a careful examination and found that the glasses fitted him perfectly. I do not know where he got them but they were correct in every way. I simply told him so and charged him nothing. I wish every person in Columbia county would feel just as free to consult with me about their eyes. I want my parlors to be "Spectacle Headquarters." Come in and ask questions just as often as you want information.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.

Cloissoniere Vases.		French Plaques, $3.50.	
Fancy Austrian Vases	75 to 5.00	German Vases,	$1.00 to $5.00.
Fancy Bohemian Vases,	$1.00 to $4.00.	Japanese Vases.	
Bronze Figures	$2.50 to $6.00.	Japanese Jardinieres,	$5.00 to $6.00

Salad Bowls,	Cereal Sets,	Chocolate Pots,
Mayonnaise Bowls,	Berry Sets,	Fruit Plates
Cream and Sugar Sets,		Salts and Peppers.
Tea Pots,	Fern Dishes,	Pictures,
Bon-Bon Dishes,		Bread and Butter Plates,
Soup Plates,		Dinner Plates.

We carry these articles in Japanese, French, Austrian, German and Bohemian ware.

J. Lee Martin, JEWELRY AND ART GOODS.
TELEPHONE 1842.

FARM FOR RENT.

160 acre farm for rent. Inquire of J. E. Boone, Almedia Pa. tf

Pocket books for either lady or gentleman, and the finest line in old Columbia county to select from at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Mirrors, brush and comb sets, collar and cuff boxes, necktie boxes, handkerchief boxes, jewelry cases, manicure sets, smoker's sets and all kinds of sets at Mercer's Drug and Book Store.

Give us a call and be convinced that we are the best. Gem Steam Laundry.

TRIBUTE TO M'KINLEY

President Roosevelt's Eloquent Eulogy at Canton.

LARGE AND DISTINGUISHED GATHERING

Banquet Given by the Republican League in Commemoration of Famous Ohioan's Birthday. Judge Day Presides.

CANTON, O., Jan. 28.—President Roosevelt last night participated in a notable tribute to the memory of the late President McKinley. He was the principal orator at a banquet given under the auspices of the Canton Republican league in commemoration of the birthday of McKinley. Surrounded by friends, neighbors and business and political associates of the dead president, he pronounced a brilliant and eloquent eulogy upon the life and works of McKinley, a eulogy by many regarded as the most beautiful and heartfelt tribute ever paid to the memory of the distinguished dead.

Among the 457 guests assembled about the boards were some of the most distinguished men in the civil, public and political life of the country. Among those seated at the speakers' table besides President Roosevelt were Judge William R. Day, who acted as toastmaster; Secretary Root, Secretary Cortelyou, General S. B. M. Young, General Leonard Wood, General Luke E. Wright, vice governor of the Philippines, and Surgeon General Rixey.

President Roosevelt said in part:

Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen—Throughout our history, and indeed throughout history generally, it has been given to only a very few thrice favored men to take so marked a lead in the crises faced by their several generations that thereafter each stands as the embodiment of the triumphant effort of his generation. President McKinley was one of these men.

If during the lifetime of a generation no crisis occurs sufficient to call out in marked manner the energies of the strongest leader, then of course the world does not and cannot know of the existence of such a leader, and in consequence there are long periods in the history of every nation during which no man appears who leaves an indelible mark in history.

It was given to President McKinley to take the foremost place in our political life at a time when our country was brought face to face with problems more momentous than any whose solution we have ever attempted save only in the Revolution and in the civil war, and it was under his leadership that the nation solved these mighty problems aright. Therefore he shall stand in the eyes of history not merely as the first man of his generation, but as among the greatest figures in our national life, coming second only to the men of the two great crises in which the Union was founded and preserved.

President McKinley's rise to greatness had in it nothing of the sudden, nothing of the unexpected or seemingly accidental. Throughout his long term of service in congress there was a steady increase alike in his power of leadership and in the recognition of that power both by his associates in public life and by the public itself. Session after session his influence in the house grew greater; his party antagonists grew to look upon him with constantly increasing respect, his party friends with constantly increasing faith and admiration. Eight years before he was nominated for president he was already considered a presidential possibility. Four years before he was nominated only his own high sense of honor prevented his being made a formidable competitor of the chief upon whom the choice of the convention then actually fell. In 1896 he was chosen because the great mass of his party knew him and believed in him and regarded him as symbolizing their ideals, as representing their aspirations.

But even as a candidate President McKinley was far more than the candidate of a party, and as president he was in the broadest and fullest sense the president of all the people of all sections of the country.

His first nomination came to him because of the qualities he had shown in healthy and open political leadership, the leadership which by word and deed impresses itself as a virile force for good upon the people at large and which has nothing in common with mere intrigue or manipulation, but in 1896 the issue was fairly joined, chiefly upon a question which as a party question was entirely new, so that the old lines of political cleavage were in large part abandoned. All other issues sank in importance when compared with the vital need of keeping our financial system on the high and honorable plane imperatively demanded by our position as a great civilized power. As the champion of such a principle President McKinley received the support not only of his own party, but of hundreds of thousands of those to whom he had been politically opposed. He triumphed, and he made good with scrupulous fidelity the promises upon which the campaign was won.

The president then spoke of the unforeseen problems which President McKinley had to face brought about by the Spanish-American war and the consequent acquisition of Porto Rico and the Philippines and said:

A weaker and less farsighted man than President McKinley would have shrunk from a task very difficult in itself and certain to furnish occasion for attack and misrepresentation no less than for honest misunderstanding, but President McKinley never flinched. He refused to consider the thought of abandoning our duty in our new possessions. Again his policy was amply vindicated. Peace has come to the islands, together with a greater measure of individual liberty and self government than they have ever before known. All the tasks set us as a result of the war with Spain have so far been well and honorably accomplished, and as a result this nation stands higher than ever before among the nations of mankind.

President McKinley's second campaign was fought mainly on the issue of approving what he had done in his first administration and specifically what he had done as regards these problems springing out of the war with Spain. The result was that the popular verdict in his favor was more overwhelming than it had been before.

No other president in our history has seen high and honorable effort crowned with more conspicuous personal success. No other president entered upon his second term feeling such right to a profound and peaceful satisfaction. Then by a stroke of horror, so strange in its fantastic iniquity as to stand unique in the black annals of crime, he was struck down. The brave, strong, gentle heart was stilled forever, and word was brought to the woman who wept that she was to walk thenceforth alone in the shadow. The hideous infamy of the deed shocked the nation to its depths, for the man thus struck at was in a peculiar sense the champion of the plain people, in a peculiar sense the representative and the exponent of those ideals which, if we live up to them, will make, as they have largely made, our country a blessed refuge for all who strive to do right and to live their lives simply and well as light is given them. The nation was stunned and the people mourned with a sense of bitter bereavement because they had lost a man whose heart beat for them as the heart of Lincoln once had beaten. We did right to mourn, for the loss was ours, not his. He died in the golden fullness of his triumph. He died victorious in that highest of all kinds of strife, the strife for an ampler, juster and more generous national life.

A Serum For Pneumonia.

ROME, Jan. 26.—Professor Tizzoni has announced the discovery of a serum to combat pneumonia.

CANAL TREATY SIGNED.

Long Delay Caused by Split Over the Amount of Annuity.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The treaty between the United States and Colombia for the construction of the Panama canal by the United States has been signed in this city.

The treaty is identical with that drawn by this government several months ago and at that time submitted to the Colombian government, with the single exception of the amount of annuity to be paid Colombia for the right of way of the canal. This government proposed an annuity of $100,000, while Colombia demanded $650,000. The Colombian government's demand was based, it is stated, upon the ascertained returns from the Panama Railroad company in port dues, etc., which Colombia did not desire to have reduced.

By the terms of the treaty the United States agrees to make a cash payment of $10,000,000 in gold to the Colombian government and after the expiration of nine years to pay a rental of $250,000 per year. The lease of the strip of land to be used for the canal and for canal purposes is practically made perpetual, the provision on this point being that the first lease shall be for 100 years and renewable thereafter in terms of 100 years at the pleasure of the United States. The strip is to be ten kilometers or about six miles in width, and over this territory the United States is given police and sanitary jurisdiction, although it is explicitly specified that Colombia does not surrender sovereignty over it. The United States is to have the privilege of free importation of vessels and material to be used in the construction of the canal. It also is given the right to improve, use and protect harbors at both the Atlantic and Pacific ends of the canal. The grant is made exclusive to the United States, and no taxes or rentals are to be charged in addition to the gross sums of $10,000,000 cash and $250,000 annually.

American Coinage For Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The house leaders went down to signal defeat yesterday when the house by a vote of 145 to 128 rejected the Philippine coinage bill reported by the insular affairs committee and adopted the substitute offered by the minority for the introduction of American currency and the American coinage system into the islands.

DOBLIN A PERJURER.

Sensational Testimony In the Lessler Bribery Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Philip Doblin repudiated all of his testimony in the Lessler bribery charges at yesterday's hearing before the naval affairs committee. He swore that Quigg had never authorized him to offer Lessler $5,000 for his vote on the Holland boat bill and that all his testimony on that point given on Saturday was false.

His testimony was as unexpected as it was sensational. He said he made the statements he did on Saturday to substantiate Congressman Lessler's charges. He declared that he knew nothing of them until summoned to Washington by Mr. Lessler, who told him what he would be expected to say before the subcommittee conducting the preliminary investigation.

Lessler was much excited when he heard Doblin's refutation. "I would have staked my life on him," said Lessler. "I cannot understand what he means by his testimony today."

Quigg and his counsel, De Lancey Nicoll, were as much surprised as Lessler at Doblin's action.

CRAZY WOMEN CREMATED.

Fifty-two Patients In London Hospital Perish.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Fifty-two insane patients, all women, have been burned to death by a fire at the Colney Hatch asylum.

The fire occurred in the Jewish wing of the institution. The flames spread with great rapidity, and before they could be got under control five wooden buildings, including dormitories and the doctors' apartments, were destroyed.

All the efforts of the officials were directed to removing the insane inmates, but the latter became wild with excitement and so panic stricken that not only were they unable to help themselves, but greatly impeded the operations of those trying to save them.

There were nearly 600 women in the burned annex at the time the fire was discovered, and most of them were safely transferred to the main building, which was uninjured.

Some, however, escaped and are still at large.

Long Missing Steamer Enters Port.

PORT TOWNSHEND, Wash., Jan. 26.—The steamer Dawson City, from Nome, which long ago was given up as lost, has just entered the bay here. On Oct. 29 last the steamer Dawson City left Nome, bound to Dutch Harbor, Alaska. Since leaving Nome she had been reported only once. That was on Nov. 13, when she was spoken headed for Dutch Harbor.

Oberlin College Chapel Burned.

OBERLIN, O., Jan. 26.—The chapel of Oberlin college has been destroyed by fire, together with its contents, including a $10,000 pipe organ. The fire started in the attic and was well under way when discovered. Loss, $50,000, which is covered by insurance. The building was erected in 1854 and remodeled in 1871.

President Aids Famine Fund.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—President Roosevelt has contributed $100 to the Christian Herald's famine fund for the relief of the suffering peasantry of Finland, 400,000 of whom are reported to be on the verge of starvation. The fund now exceeds $20,000.

GOOD ROADS NEEDED.

Interest in the Subject Stimulated by the Brownlow Bill.

Statesmen Who Aid in Improving Our Highways Will Deserve and Receive the Plaudits of the People.

In the days of the old National road, sometimes called the Cumberland road, and locally known as the National pike, Henry Clay could ride the whole length of that thoroughfare and be entertained at all the hotels on its course without the cost of a single cent to himself. This honor was extended to him because of his activity and influence in getting the road established and in constructing and extending other highways at the nation's expense. Walter P. Brownlow, one of Tennessee's members of the popular branch of congress, stands some chance to link his name also with the building and improvement of highways through the country, and several bodies of representative men are working for the same object, and will deserve some of the same praise.

Mr. Brownlow's bill proposes to enlist the general government, in cooperation with the states, in the work of road construction, extension and improvement. His measure is entitled: "A bill to create in the department of agriculture a bureau to be known as the bureau of public roads, and to provide for a system of national, state and local cooperation in the permanent improvement of the public highways." It proposes the appropriation of $20,000,000 by the national government, to be used in connection with sums set apart by states, counties or towns for building and maintaining public highways. State highway commissioners in many parts of the country are expressing their approval of the project. Many of the congressmen favor it.

Nobody now alive remembers such interest in the country at large in

HON. WALTER P. BROWNLOW.
(Tennessee Congressman Who Is Booming the Road Problem.)

the question of the construction and improvement of the public highways as now exists. When the first bill making an appropriation for the National road from Cumberland, on the Potomac, in Maryland, to Wheeling, on the Ohio, was passed by congress in 1806, and when the first actual work of construction began in 1811, the matter of getting communication between the Atlantic seaboard communities and the Ohio and Mississippi valleys was a subject of vital concern to the people of the country. The steamboat had not been invented at the time when the first bill was passed. In 1811, when the work of building the road actually started, the first steamboat west of the Alleghenies went down the Ohio and started on its route between New Orleans and Natchez. It was a dozen years after that time, however, before steamboats became in any way numerous on eastern or western waters. But the steamboat did not meet the need of opening communication between the east and west. The mountains stood in the way, and the railroads did not begin approaching the Alleghenies until about the close of the first quarter of that century. The National pike was extended to the Ohio river, as contemplated, and was then pushed across Ohio and Indiana to the Illinois line, with sections of it built farther west, but in 1838, when railroad building had proceeded far enough to absorb the country's attention to the exclusion of the construction of turnpikes, the appropriations for the National road stopped. The imperious necessity of improving and extending the present public highways and of constructing others, as a matter of national economy, is forcing itself on the attention of the United States. Those who aid in this work, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, will deserve and receive the plaudits of the American people.

No Privacy for Lovers.

Engaged lovers in the Canary islands find it difficult to exchange sweet confidences, as the young man is not allowed to visit his fiancee in her home. He goes to her house, and, finding her at the window, must talk to her from the street. Sometimes her window is perhaps ten or 12 feet above the road, therefore he must talk loudly, and very often members of the girl's family are unseen listeners.

The Travels of Sound.

In dry air sound travels 1,442 feet a second, in water 4,900 feet, and in iron 17,500 feet.

EDISON AS A READER.

Rarely Takes Up a Book Unless It Is Recommended by His Wife or Some Friend.

The play of Thomas A. Edison's mind is as wonderful as the characteristic way in which he does his reading. Outside of his technical reading he is said never to read a book unless it is spoken of to him by his wife or some friend. Then he sits down and reads until he has finished it. One evening he happened to be unusually engrossed with some "problem," and was nervously pacing up and down his library like a caged lion.

To divert his thoughts, says the New York Times, his wife came in and picked up the first book she saw. It

THOMAS A. EDISON.
(Famous Inventor Who Is Said to Sleep Less Than Any Other Man.)

happened to be "The Count of Monte Cristo."

"Have you ever read this story?" said Mrs. Edison to her husband.

He stopped and looked at the title. "No, I never have. Is it good?"

Mrs. Edison assured him that it was.

"All right. I guess I'll read it now," and within two minutes the "problem," whatever it was, had been forgotten, and he was absorbed in Dumas' great story. As he finished the book he noticed the light of day peeping in, and on looking at his watch found it was five o'clock in the morning.

No sooner had he laid down the book than the forgotten "problem" jumped into his mind, and, putting on his hat, he went to his laboratory and worked unceasingly, without food or sleep, for 36 hours.

GEN. NORD ELECTED.

New President of Hayti Is 85 Years of Age, But as Watchful as a Young Kid.

No independent country in the world has had more revolutions than the little negro republic of Hayti, which, in this respect, excels even its neighbor, San Domingo, or Venezuela, the political rough horse of South America. A presidential election was recently held in Hayti. No one can tell with any degree of accuracy which of the candidates was really elected, but Gen. Nord is recognized as de facto president, because he has just been allowed to take the presidential oath of office. Gen. Nord has been a prominent figure in the maelstrom of Haytian politics for several years. He comes from the

THE VENERABLE GEN. NORD.
(New President of Hayti Has Passed His Eighty-fifth Birthday.)

northern part of the country, near Cape Haytien, and is about 85 years old. The dream of this old negro's life has been to be president of the black republic, and in this ambition he has been relentlessly spurred on by his wife, who had declared that she would be the mistress of the executive mansion, if even for only a few months or days, before she died, a determination in which she has at last succeeded.

Balloon for Consumptives.

That there is benefit to be derived from the rarefied air, as well as in the climatic change, has prompted Dr. Naugier, of Paris, to suggest, in a recent paper before the Academie de Medicine, the possibilities of hospital balloons. He asserted that a two hours' trip in the air causes an increase of the red corpuscles, an improvement that continues for several days after an ascent. Two such ascents in the course of six or seven weeks he considers as more beneficial to an anaemic than a sojourn of three months in the mountains.

Here's a Wise Distinction.

Chinese doctors are very particular about the distinction between physicians and surgeons. A Chinese gentleman was struck by an arrow, which remained fast in his body. A surgeon was sent for and, it is said, broke off the protruding bit of the arrow, leaving the point imbedded. He refused to extract it, because the case was clearly one for a physician, the arrow being inside the body.

The healthy woman need not fear the change which comes as the beginning of life's autumn. It is the woman who is worn out, run down and a sufferer from womanly diseases who naturally dreads the change of life. This is the critical period of woman's life, and the prevalence of womanly diseases makes it the duty of every woman who would avoid unnecessary suffering to take especial care of herself at this time.

The ills which vex so many women at the change of life are entirely avoided or cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong, and enables the weakest to pass through this trying change with the tranquility of perfect health.

"I have been a very healthy woman, and this time has been very hard with me," writes Mrs. Maggie Morris, of Munson Station, Clearfield Co., Pa., Box 16. "I am come to the time of change of life, and I have been sick a great deal off and on. When Mrs. Hemmis moved beside me I was sick in bed, and when she came to see me and we were talking over our sickness, Mrs. Hemmis told me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also 'Pellets.' I got her to bring me a bottle of each from the drug store and I used them. They did me a great deal of good, and I got two more bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I never saw such a wonderful cure. Before I commenced your remedies I was good for nothing; was in such misery I hardly knew what to do with myself, now I can do all my work myself and feel well."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are easy and pleasant to take.

The February Lippincott's Magazine.

The prominent feature in *Lippincott's* Magazine is always a complete novel. That contained in the February number is by Alice Duer Miller, entitled "A Man of His Word." Mrs. Miller, by the way, belongs to a popular New York story-writing family. The motive in "A Man of His Word" is the moral obligation of a member of the Four Hundred to marry a young school-teacher because her mother had saved his life at the expense of her own. Before her death she whispers to her debtor, "Marry my daughter." On this foundation the author has built a tale of compelling interest and infinite diversion.

In addition to the novel, eight striking short stories enliven the pages of the February *Lippincott's*. W. A. Fraser's "The Capture of the Canton" is a rattling good yarn of the sea. Beulah Marie Dix contributes one of her striking and unusual stories called "The Scythe in the Oak-Tree." This is a Puritan incident where a man's "masterful temper" runs up against a younger man's obstinacy. "Deceivers Ever," by R. E. Vernede, is a bright sketch of a pretty, perverse girl who hated boys. The cause for such a sentiment is the point of the story. Elliott Flower calls his humorous story "The Demure Wife of Ned Barrett." "Brother Johnsing's 'Sperience," by Ella Middleton Tybout, has to do with a "brother" of color who is wont to stray from his own fireside. Clinton Dangerfield writes a tale called "A Game of Chess" which has great dramatic qualities. The game is played between lovers. The man's life is staked on it, but his fair antagonist, unaware of this, uses all her skill in his undoing. "A Race Through the Night" is an exciting automobile story by Edgar Jepson; and "Till A' the Seas Gang Dry" are letters written by a young widow to her "dear departed." It is the collaborated work of Mary and Rosalie Dawson.

There are four papers varied in theme in the February *Lippincott's*. "An Unwritten Chapter of 'Les Miserables,'" by Victor Hugo's brother-in-law, Paul Chenay; "Wave-Motors," by John E. Bennett; "A West African Trading Station in the Niger Delta," by J. W. Davies, and "Chronicling Small Beer," by Dr. Charles C. Abbott.

Aimed at Pigeon Shooters.

A bill introduced in the house at Harrisburg last week prohibits the shooting of pigeons released from traps. The bill is aimed at the practice of Shooting Clubs in using live birds as targets, and provides a penalty upon conviction, of twenty-five dollars or imprisonment for thirty days, or both in the discretion of the Court.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

PERMANENT SITUATION.

Cash paid weekly for services either on salary and expenses paid, or commission, to take orders for our Garden Seeds; also Fruits and Flowers. We carry a full line for the Farm and Market Gardners, so that a live man cannot help but succeed, as he has the facilities to compete for all kinds of trade and with different classes of customers. Write at once for terms to

Herrick Seed Company, Rochester, N. Y.
12-18 3m

May Abolish Free Delivery.

Owing to the pecuniary smallness of the farmers in the neighborhood of Shickshinny the residents thereabouts may be deprived of the rural free delivery service. Since the service started the government has been paying the owners of toll roads for the privilege of traversing the highways. The postoffice authorities believe that free delivery is for the benefit of these communities and are of opinion that such a great convenience should not be taxed. It is understood that the postoffice authorities are seriously considering the advisability of abolishing the service in the vicinity of Shickshinny, believing that the action of the owners of the toll roads is a sufficient reason for this course. There are three turnpikes adjacent to Shickshinny where tolls are exacted from the government.

A Certain Cure for Chilblains.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Chilblains, Frostbites, Damp, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. 29-6t.

Not a Felony to Steal Coal.

The grand jury of Wyoming county last week decided that the theft of coal at this time is not a felony. The agent of the D. L. and W. railroad at Nicholson, Pa., swore out a warrant against Ulysses Grant Myers, of that borough, charging him with the larceny of coal from the company to the value of twenty dollars. The grand jury weighed the matter carefully and decided that it is not a felony to steal coal from the plaintiff company at this time. Not only was the bill against Myers dismissed, but the costs were placed upon the coal company.

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. tf.

GRAND JURORS.

FOR FEBRUARY TERM.

Bloom—J. S. Grimes.
Beaver—Miles Smith.
Benton Boro.—J. B. McHenry.
Catawissa Boro.—Frank Gable.
Catawissa Twp.—Frank Miller, W. H. Roberts.
Center—W. H. Stahl.
Centralia—William Gerrity, John A. Moran.
Cleveland—Henry B. Knorr.
Conyngham—Charles Beaver, George George, Edward Rooney, John Wilson.
Fishingcreek—A. B. Eveland, Adam Hummel, W. B. Hess, C. I. Hess.
Jackson—Z. A. Butt.
Maine—Harvey Low.
Mifflin—Freeman Harter, Henry Nuss.
Scott—M. L. Keller, A. F. Terwilliger.

PETIT JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—A. G. Briggs, William Hassert, B. W. Hagenbuch, Harry Kleim, John Kneiss, Otto A. Wolf, Thomas Webb.
Beaver—Simon Hons.
Benton Boro.—Ira Hess, D. H. Steadman.
Benton Twp.—W. C. Coleman, T. E. Edwards, Emanuel Snyder.
Berwick—Lewis Beishline, I. G. Clewell, Thomas Croft.
Briarcreek—Wilmot Furman, W. A. Hughes, Samuel Houck.
Catawissa Boro.—J. D. Bodine, John Martz.
Cleveland—Ranslow George.
Conyngham—George Michael, William Price.
Greenwood—Johnson H. Reece, Clyde VanHorn.
Jackson—William Klinger, John H. Derr.
Locust—Benjamin Beaver, Josiah Berninger, William H. Bellig, Jeremiah Boyer, Albert G. Cleese, Jeremiah Rhodes.
Madison—Wilson Kitchen.
Maine—Theodore Fox, Charles Reichart.
Mifflin—G. M. Durling, Samuel J. Keller, G. E. Zimmerman.
Millville—Harvey Henry, Uriah McHenry.
Montour—Jonothan Rishel.
Orange—Harry Seesholtz.
Pine—H. R. Getty, Isaac V. Lyons.
Scott—William Robbins, E. A. Schneidman.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—B. B. Freas, J. H. Mercer, Arthur Smith, Robert Watkins.
Benton Boro.—James Conner, E. O. Little.
Benton Twp.—John Ruckle.
Berwick—W. H. Caterall, George Owen, Otto J. Smith, J. C. Sponenberg.
Briarcreek—L. J. Adams, Abraham Lockard.
Catawissa Boro.—John Kline, Josiah Yeager.
Center—Elias Wertman.
Centralia—James Levan, E. J. Troutman.
Clevelond—John Mowrer.
Conyngham—John Grant, James Grant, Martin Malaney, Jr.
Fishingcreek—Dayid Alegar, C. S. Runyon.
Franklin—Geo. W. Getty.
Greenwood—G. B. Appleman.
Locust—William Adams, Charles Hughes, Aaron Yoder.
Madison—Warren Mausteller, Harvey Shultz, Roy Workhiser.
Mifflin—A. B. Creasy, A. W. Snyder Horace Sweppenheiser.
Montour—Harry Deiley.

A STEADY INCOME.

Salary or commission paid weekly. Our 1200 acre nursery requires local and traveling agents everywhere to dispose of its products. Also seed line. Will arrange for whole or part time. Outfit free. We guarantee profitable and pleasant employment the year 'round. Write today for special terms.

Brown Brothers Company, Rochester, N. Y.
12-18 3m.

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO TRAVEL for well established house in a few counties, calling on retail merchants and agents. Local territory. Salary $1024 a year and expenses, payable $19 70 a week in cash and expenses advanced. Position permanent. Business successful and flourishing. Standard House, 334 Dearborn Street, Chicago. 12-18 13t

PARKER HAS A BOOM.

Many Democrats Would Like to See Him Run for President.

Leaders Claim to See a Hope of Victory in 1904—Others Think New York Jurist's Chances Are Very Precarious.

Judge Alton B. Parker still holds a prominent place as a democratic presidential possibility. From east, south and west come demands that he be the candidate of his party.

Many thought that because he was not made the candidate for governor by Hill last fall he would drop out of sight. But just the opposite result has happened, says the New York Herald. Democrats all over the country have apparently made up their minds that Judge Parker is the leader for a winning democratic campaign. They think he can unite all elements of the party. They believe he can carry New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana.

Democratic leaders all over the country are saying that had Judge Parker been the candidate last fall he would have been elected governor. They call attention to the fact that Judge Parker is the only democrat since 1892 who has carried New York state in a straight-out contest between the two great parties. He was elected chief justice of the court of appeals in 1897 over Judge Wallace, republican. While it is true that the Tracy-Low fight in New York city contributed to Judge Parker's success, it is believed that he would prove a strong candidate under any circumstances.

Democratic members of congress were hopeful last fall that Judge Parker would be nominated for governor. A campaign in his behalf was carried on quietly all over the country. In the south and west, particularly, steps were taken to acquaint the democrats with Judge Parker's qualities as a candidate.

In the middle of the summer a prominent New York business man,

JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER.
(Boomed for the Presidency by New York State Democrats.)

while visiting St. Louis, met several prominent Missouri democrats. With one accord they began to say nice things about Judge Parker. They thought Hill ought to nominate him for governor, and were positive that he would be elected. If this resulted they did not think there was any doubt, if he were nominated for president in 1904, that he would be elected.

Judge Parker declined to encourage the movement to nominate him for governor. Democrats now say it makes no difference whether Mr. Parker ran for governor or not, he remains the ideal candidate for the presidency, and energetic work is being done in his behalf in many states.

Friends of David B. Hill are also at work, but so far the Hill propaganda has not met with the same success as Judge Parker's.

Texas is the latest state to come to the front in behalf of the New York popular judge. There is no antipathy to Bryan in that state, but leaders there do not think Bryan can win. They are looking for some one who can carry the doubtful states, and they regard Judge Parker as the man. Democratic papers all over the state are making favorable comments about Judge Parker. Senators Bailey and Culbertson, Thomas Ball, and many politicians are of the opinion that the party ought to take Parker.

It is reported that the same thing is true of Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Missouri, Indiana and Minnesota.

Much attention has lately been attached to Senator Gorman, of Maryland, and he has been repeatedly urged to look favorably on the movement to get southern and western delegates for himself. Senator Gorman has refused to encourage this scheme, preferring to remain in the senate.

Bloomers Are Prohibited.

Gov. Thompson B. Ferguson, of Oklahoma, has forbidden all girls who attend the territorial educational institutions the privilege of wearing bloomers while playing basket ball. The reason for this, it is said, is that a scandal was narrowly averted recently because some young women of a certain school played a game of basket ball in bloomers. The governor is emphatic in his denunciation of the garb and says the girls are subjected to ridicule on account of the bifurcated apparel. He said he had notified the heads of all territorial schools that there should be no more basket ball playing by Oklahoma girls in bloomoers.

Eat a Hearty Breakfast.

Statistics show that the longest lived people have generally been those who made breakfast the principal meal of the day.

GRANGE WORK FOR 1903.

National Lecturer Bachelder Has Arranged a Fine Programme.

National Lecturer N. J. Bachelder has issued the following excellent programme of timely and important topics for grange discussion in 1903:

First Quarter—General Topic, Organization.—January, To what extent is the organization of capital justifiable? February, To what extent is the organization of labor justifiable? March, To what extent is the organization of farmers justifiable, and what is our duty in protecting the people from unjust demands of organized capital and organized labor?

Second Quarter—General Topic, Education.—April, What influence can be exerted by the grange for the improvement of rural schools? May, What influence can be exerted by the grange that will secure the proper recognition of agricultural matters in agricultural colleges? June, What can be done by the grange to aid and improve the farmers' institutes?

Third Quarter—General Topic, Farm Management.—July, What are the advantages from the use of improved farm machinery? August, What of the importance and necessity of restoring soil fertility removed by crops? September, What farm crops are the most profitable in this locality?

Fourth Quarter—General Topic, Character Builders.—October, What influence has home life upon the young in the formation of character? November, What influence has the grange in the formation of character? December, What should be the relation of the grange and church?

BETTER BUSINESS METHODS

Saving the Wastes on the Farm an Important Matter.

Some one has said that if he could have what was wasted on an average American farm he could live in comfort. This, I fear, is only too true of the average farmer. He does not make a study of his business. While hundreds of dollars' worth of the best liquid fertilizer is running to waste in his barns, or under the eaves of it, he is buying commercial fertilizer at $30 to $40 per ton to enrich his land. While nature has given him rich and fertile land he too often sees an alluring bag of gold in the bountiful yield of hay and does not realize that he is robbing his land of fertility when he sells hay.

These and a thousand other wastes on the farm are brought to the farmer's notice by the discussions in the grange, and the farmer must be dull indeed who does not reap some benefit from them. A fair and just exchange of the commodities of the farm for those of the factory, the mine and the professional man must come about through better business methods. The farmer should act with others of his own profession and at least devote as much energy to marketing his crop as to producing it.

There are many causes to remove before agriculture will receive a fair and just return for the capital and labor invested in the industry, but the removal of these causes lies in the hands of the farmer himself. He must co-operate with others in improving his business methods and must apply the same thought, energy and business ability to agriculture that are applied to any other industry.—George A. Fuller.

Rural Free Mail Delivery.

At no distant day the rural free mail delivery service will require 40,000 carriers. This is a large number. When we consider the brief time this service has been in operation, its success may be considered phenomenal. During the past year over 12,000 petitions have been filed at Washington for this rural service. This proves that the farmers are waking up to their privileges. All this is gratifying to the members of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, for theirs was the first organization that attempted to secure the establishment of the free mail delivery service. Indeed it is the direct result of their efforts.

Special Grange Week.

The Pennsylvania state grange at its recent session recommended that a "special grange week" be set apart in February by the master of the state grange and that every subordinate grange in the state be urged to make special effort during that time to increase its membership. It is a good plan and worthy of general adoption.

The title "lecturer" of a grange does not necessarily siguify that he must be its best talker. He has other duties of more importance than lecturing. He has charge of all the literary and educational work of the grange, and his position is as responsible a one as the master's.

The grange is shaking itself together and is moving to the front. It is beginning to appreciate the magnitude of its responsibility, the largeness of its opportunity. It is doing things and getting ready to do even greater things.—American Grange Bulletin.

The three grand purposes of the grange are the social elevation, the educational advancement and the moral improvement of the farmer's family.

A live, flourishing subordinate grange that is living up to its possibilities is worth $1,000 to any town.—Governor Bachelder, New Hampshire.

New England granges pay more attention to the ritualistic work of the order than those of other states. So one said who knows.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BISHOP TALBOT'S VINDICATION.

A copy of the opinion of the court of Huntingdon county, vindicating Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, of the Central Pennsylvania diocese of the Episcopal church, of the charges of conspiracy preferred by the Rev. I. N. W. Irvine, has been received. In view of the bishop's vindication, and the wide-spread public interest shown in the trial of the case, the COLUMBIAN herewith reproduces Judge Bailey's charge in part.

"Gentlemen of the Jury: This is an action to recover damages which Dr. I. N. W. Irvine, the plaintiff, claims he sustained by reason of an alleged conspiracy between Emma D. Elliott, Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, and Alexander Elliott, the defendants, whereby he was deposed from the ministry. St. John's Protestant Episcopal church of Huntingdon, in 1898 was what is known as a mission church. That is, it was a church which received aid from the diocese in support of its rector. It is located within the territory of the diocese of Central Pennsylvania. Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, one of the defendants, is the bishop of the diocese, and it was his duty to supply the church with a minister so long as it was a mission church. On March 22nd 1898, he appointed Dr. Irvine, the plaintiff, minister. He testifies that he knew that troubles had arisen in other churches which had been served by Dr. Irvine, which he believed were attributed to his conduct, but being willing to give him another trial, he exacted from him, at the time of his appointment, a promise that he would resign from St. John's when he (the bishop) would request him.

"Not many months had elapsed before the bishop learned of trouble between Dr. Irvine and the other ministers of the borough of Huntingdon, and between him and the management of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, located across the river from the town, and that serious trouble had arisen in the church. Its members had become divided and members of the vestry had resigned. Ugly rumors as to the moral character and conduct of Dr. Irvine came to his ears. On Feb. 11, 1899, he wrote Dr. Irvine a letter, reminding him of his promise that he would quietly leave the church if any trouble arose and requesting him to leave Huntingdon. This letter is couched in very friendly terms. Dr. Irvine formally resigned as rector of the church, but a majority of the church vestry, on Feb. 20, 1899, declared the church withdrawn from any claim for aid from the missionary fund and formally called Dr. Irvine to be its rector. The bishop thereafter had no power to compel him to relinguish his rectorship unless he had or would violate some canon of the church.

"Mrs Emma D. Elliott, one of those defendants, had been a warm personal friend of Dr. Irvine and was a very generous contributor to the church. A trouble arose between the rector and her about a claim which a Mr. Harned, of Altoona, had against the church for services rendered as a choirmaster. Mrs. Elliott testifies that she gave to Dr. Irvine money to pay the claim and that Irvine instead of paying the claim kept the money. This circumstance seems to have estranged Mrs. Elliott and Dr. Irvine. To that time she was admitted to the communion by Mr. Houghton, the immediate predecessor of Dr. Irvine, as well as by Dr. Irvine himself. Dr. Irvine then barred Mrs. Elliott from the communion because she was a divorced woman for a reason contrary to the canon of the church. Correspondence was had between him and the bishop and Mrs. Elliott on the subject. We do not regard this circumstance of materiality in the determination of this case, although Mrs. Elliott seemed then desirous of having him deposed from the rectorship of this church. Complaints of Dr. Irvine's conduct were made by her to the bishop. Subsequently a letter was received by the bishop, purporting to be signed by Mrs. Elliott, withdrawing (or practically withdrawing) all complaints she had made against Dr. Irvine, and requesting that he be retained at St. John's church.

"This letter was sent by the bishop to Mr. Elliott, one of the defendants and the husband of Emma D. Elliott. She denied writing or signing it. The bishop then wrote her that if she could convince Dr. Irvine of the forgery of it he would unfrock the 'slimy fellow.' This letter is destroyed, and therefore, not produced, but several witnesses who heard it read testify that that was the import of it. A couple of them testify that the bishop in that letter advised the Elliotts to have him convicted. The bishop positively denies that he advised the conviction of Dr. Irvine for that offense.

"If this minister of the gospel was guilty of forging that letter, we fail to see why the bishop should be criticised for advising that he be tried in a court of justice, which was the very place to try him for forgery, if he were guilty of forgery. Prosecution for the forgery was advised by Mrs. Elliott's attorney, ex-Judge Williamson, a reputable member of the bar, and Mrs. Elliott commenced the prosecution. I believe that Mrs. Elliott was the prosecutrix, although it is not very clearly shown in the case. A preliminary hearing was had before a reputable justice of the peace of this town on the 17th of February, 1899. He heard witnesses to substantiate the charge. Dr. Irvine produced none, neither did he testify in his own behalf, denying that he was the author of that letter. Bishop Talbot, who received the letter, and Mrs. Elliott, whose name was attached to it, were necessary witnesses at that hearing.

"The justice decided that Dr. Irvine should be held for trial at court. The grand jury returned a true bill. When the case was called for trial, Dr. Irvine's counsel, made technical objections to the sufficiency of the indictment by demurrer to it, which, after hearing, were sustained by the court. With that decision the forgery case ended and is not again heard of in any of the proceedings which followed, which resulted in the deposition of this plaintiff from the ministry. It cuts no figure in the subsequent proceedings. It does not appear to have any influence upon the tribunal which subsequently tried Dr. Irvine. It is quite probable that in view of the relations which existed between Mrs. Elliott and Dr. Irvine, her pastor, she desired his removal from St. John's church, and it is equally probable that the bishop, in view of the rumors reflecting upon the moral conduct of this rector appointed by him, desired that the pastoral relations should be dissolved. Both of them had the right to use all lawful means to accomplish that end without being guilty of a conspiracy. There is no evidence that either of the defendants used any other means.

"Dr. Irvine having been found guilty of conduct which was unbecoming a clergyman by the court of the church, duly constituted for the purpose of trying the charges preferred against him, with the judgment of the court that he be degraded and deposed from the ministry, there was nothing left for the bishop but to impose the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as we think, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of by the plaintiff and laid in his statement as the sole ground of his claim for damages in this case. We do not see in the evidence any ground to sustain the allegation that the deposition of the plaintiff was the result of conspiracy between these defendants, and we may further say that there is no evidence of any attempted combination to produce it. As we said before, it is quite probable that Mrs. Elliott wished to have Dr. Irvine removed from the rectorship of St. John's church and that Bishop Talbot desired his deposition from the ministry if the rumors which were afloat reflecting upon his moral character, were true, which he took the proper course to ascertain, but there is not a scintilla of evidence in the case which shows or from which it might be inferred there was any unlawful combination between these parties to accomplish that purpose. It follows that the verdict must be for the defendants, and we so instruct you.

THE FARMER'S WIFE is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are exactly akin to the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach churn is "sour" it sours all which is put into it? The evil of a foul stomach is not the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of the blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every tainting or corrupting element. "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant and no narcotic.

The Cynical Bachelor observes that no man is old enough to marry until he is old enough to know better.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Waite Milling Company will be held at the office of the Company in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, March 24, 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and to vote on the proposed increase of capital stock of the Company.

M. POWELL,
Secretary.
1-15 3t

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, the undersigned executor of John B. Shultz, late of Greenwood township, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises of said deceased about one-half mile northwest of Rohrsburg on the public road leading from Bartley Albertson's house to farm of Jacob Girard, in said township of Greenwood, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1903,

at 11 o'clock a. m. sharp, the following described real estate towit: All those two certain pieces, parcels and lots of gronnd situate in the said township of Greenwood, county and state aforesaid. No. 1 bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of B. F. Redline and J. M. Sutliffe, on east side by lands of W. R. Mather, H. W. Eyer and J. M. Sutliffe, on the south by lands of Jonathan Lemon, J. W. Mather and a public road, and on the west by lands of Jacob Girard and Jonathan Lemon, containing about

TWELVE ACRES and SIXTY PERCHES OF LAND,

be the same more or less, twelve acres and twenty perches of which being the same premises conveyed to said John B Shultz by Abraham Yeager and wife and Andrew Knerr and wife by deed dated March 31st, 1869, and recorded March 31st, 1869 in Deed Book Vol. "V" at page 265, and forty perches of said land being the same premises which W. M. Dewitt and wife by deed dated April 6th, 1880, and recorded February 7th, 1881, in deed book Vol. No. 33, at page 119, conveyed to said John B. Shultz, reference being had to the above records will more fully and at large appear; whereon is erected a

TWO-STORY PLANK DWELLING HOUSE.

bank barn, grist mill and other outbuildings, together with race and mill dam and all water rights incident thereto and owned by the said John B. Shultz Grist mill contains three sets of buhrs and an up-to-date process for manufacturing buckwheat flour, and has been in operation up to October 1st last. This is a good and desirable property with good water power sufficient to run a grist mill, and buildings are in good state of repair.

No. 2, bounded and described as follows, towit: On the north by lands of B. F. Redline and Dennis Barber, on the east by lands of William J. Kramer, on the south by lands of Miner Karns, and on the west by lands of B. F. Redline; containing about

TWO ACRES OF LAND

and whereon is a good growth of

YOUNG TIMBER.

and wood.

Possession of said premises can be given at any time after the sale; provided one-fourth of the purchase money has been paid. All grain in the ground is reserved and all other personal property on the premises. Deed, mortgage and survey, if wanted, at the expense of the purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the prperty, the balance of the one-fourth at the date of confirmation nisi, which will be on Monday, February 2, 1903, and the remaining three fourths within one year from the date of confirmation nisi with interest from said date of confirmation; said deferred payment of three-fourths to be secured by a bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. H. SHULTZ,
Executor of John B. Shultz, dec'd.
Elliot Lemon, Auctioneer.
CLINTON HERRING, Attorney. 1-8-ts.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the state of Pennsylvania on Friday, the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1903, by John L. Moyer, L. N. Moyer and Martha L. Moyer under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation, to be called "Moyer Bros." the character and object whereof is conducting and doing a general wholesale and retail drug business, including the manufacturing, compounding, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, physicians prescriptions, medicines, preparations and coupounds, medicinal, patent or otherwise, and such articles as are usually sold in a wholesale and retail drug store," and for these purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

H. A. McKILLIP, Solicitor.
1-8 4t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said court on the first Monday of February A. D. 1903 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of Frank Trivelpiece committee of the estate of Margaret I. Lawton, a lunatic of Greenwood twp., Col. Co., Pa.

The bi-annual account of Joseph A. Karns, committee of the estate of Jacob Kline a lunatic of Fishingcreek township, Col. Co., Pa.

The account of Herman T. Young, committee of William Baumeister, a weak minded person of the borough of Catawissa, Col Co., Pa.

Clerk's Office Bloomsburg, Pa.
January 6th, 1903.

C. M. TERWILLIGER,
Prothonotary.

ADMINISTRATO'S NOTICE.

Estate of I. K. Krickbaum, late of Benton township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of I. K. Krickbaum, late of Benton township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ALFRED KITCHEN
Talmar, Pa.
IKELER & IKELER, Attorneys.
JOHN C. BARRETT,
Cambra, Pa.
Administrators.
1-22 6t.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Eat's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and residence, 410 Main St.
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED. GLASSES FITTED.
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OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
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DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
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All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented.
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To be open all hours during the day.

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FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,50
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,820,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y..	500,000	3,588,513	1,021,60
Westchester, N.Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426,70
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

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(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REALESTATE
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SADE T. VANNATTA.
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GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, Pa
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
C. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1903.

Proposed New County.

To Be Formed from Parts of Columbia, Northumberland and Schuylkill.

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY.

One Finds Constitutional Obstacles to the Movement.

Concerning the proposed erection of a new county from parts of Columbia and Northumberland, the Ashland *Advocate* of last week says:

"The proposed transferring of Centralia borough and Conyngham township from Columbia to Northumberland county, has caused considerable comment since the project was first spoken of some weeks ago. The people of both districts favor the transfer and are soliciting every assistance to bring it about. Their principal reason for changing is the inconvenience in getting to court at Bloomsburg, being compelled to leave Centralia at 6:00 a. m., and arriving at Bloomsburg at 11 o'clock.

Edward J. Flynn, Esq. one of Centralia's leading citizens, when interviewed, said that he is heartily in favor of the transfer, and said he voiced the sentiment of the people of Centralia, when he said the transfer would be gratifying to them. From a legal aspect he said he did not know whether it is possible for such a transferral, and from a political standpoint he thinks it would make no material change, as during the past few years the voters have been about evenly divided in politics.

The change that would be the most beneficial to all concerned, Mr. Flynn added, would be the formation of a new county; including the upper end of Northumberland county and portions of Schuylkill county, making Shamokin the county seat and naming the county after that town.

This is a move that would no doubt meet with instant favor at Shamokin, which has long objected to the fact that Sunbury is the seat of Northumberland county, while that town (Shamokin) is the centre of the great business and legal interests of the county.

Just what is going to be the outcome of the present agitation is hard to determine. Time alone can tell."

The Milton *Record* of last week says:

"The proposition to create a new county out of Shamokin and Coal township and Mt. Carmel and Mt. Carmel township, from Northumberland county, the Conyngham townships and Centralia from Columbia and a strip from the northern end of Schuylkill, would, we apprehend, find very little opposition in the upper end of this county. The four districts named from Northumberland comprise about one-half the county's population. They supply about four fifths of the quarter sessions business at our courts get about three-fourths of the costs paid in dismissed cases and pay about two sevenths of the taxes. From a commercial standpoint the interests of the coal regions and those of agricultural and manufacturing portions of the county are not identical. The townships noted above belong to the same coal producing districts, so that in their formation into a separate county there would be a unity of interests.

Viewed from a political standpoint it would not effect any material change in this county. The two boroughs are strongly Republican and the two townships largely Democratic. On the whole the Republicans have perhaps several hundred majority. In the new county this would be overcome by the Democratic majority in the Columbia section, but the Northumberland end of the combination would have the same advantage under the proposed arrangement that they have now. Party lines are lost sight of when home men are nominated, and their large vote gives them a decided advantage and secures them more than their just proportion of the offices. In this county today the coal regions have the sheriff, mine inspector county treasurer, prothonotary, two members of the legislature, two commissioners and two auditors, about equally divided politically. Shamokin would gain the county seat and would have to pay for it in the way of increased taxation."

The Mt. Carmel *Item* finds constitutional objections, and thinks there is not sufficient territory in the old counties to make three counties of proper size and proportion. The *Item* says:

"Since the growth of the new county idea there has been considerable discussion concerning the project. With a view of getting a clear idea of the matter from all sides it has been decided to look up the constitution covering the case. The exact wording of the constitution on the subject of new counties is found in Article XIII, Section I, and is as follows: "No new county shall be established woich shall reduce any county to less than four hundred square miles, or to less than twenty thousand inhabitants; nor shall any county be formed of less area, or containing a less population; nor shall the line thereof pass within ten miles of the county seat of any county proposed to be divided."

Northumberland and Columbia counties have a combined area of about 959 square miles. It is therefore obvious that according to the express provision of the constitution no new county having 400 square miles could be formed out of these two, leaving the original counties within the constitutional limit. The only way to get around this difficulty would be to take a part of Schuylkill county, but the citizens of that county don't seem to enthuse over the proposition.

Another point has been made and seems to be very well taken. The actual value of the land in Conyngham township decreases every year. It is valuable only for its mineral wealth, and the depletion of that wealth inevitably reduces its value. This must naturally continue until the coal is exhauseld. In the meantime there is no guarantee that the township's expenses will decrease, on the contrary, they are tolerably certain to go the other way. When a new territory is taken on by a county the expenses from that section are compared with its income, and this is where Conyngham would fall short. It will blast many fond hopes but the new county project, viewed from all sides, looks like a dead one."

It is a great scheme—that of the cigarette manufacturers—to give presents to those who will bring to them a certain number of wrappers of cigarette packages. You can get a piano for 20,000 wrappers. A little calculation will show you that it will be necessary to smoke 400,000 cigarettes in order to get the required number of wrappers. If the "best" are used they will cost 25 cents for two packs, and you will spend $5,000 to get that piano, and the chances are that you will need a harp more than a piano when you get through with those 400,000 cigarettes.

Cross?

Poor man! He can't help it. It's his liver. He needs a liver pill. Ayer's Pills.

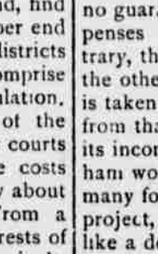
Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

Buckingham's Dye

50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



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BALLOT REFORM BILL

Drafted by Committee Appointed By Senator Quay.

PENNYPACKER'S NEW SECRETARY

How Bromley Wharton Came to Be Appointed—Liquor Bills to Be Introduced In the Legislature—Other Items of Interest at Harrisburg.

[Special Correspondence.]

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—The first practical working week of the present session of the legislature closed with alarmist rumors in the air. The inauguration of Governor Pennypacker was disposed of amid picturesque display, a snowstorm, and somewhat mild enthusiasm; both branches of the assembly settled down to workmanlike business—the senate particularly; several bills were messaged over to the house from the upper body; the cabinet and other appointments were confirmed.

Senator Quay, as chairman of the state committee, appointed a sub-committee, with ex-Senator Hertzler as chairman, to draft a ballot-reform bill. This task has been performed. The measure is understood to eliminate the party circle at the head of the columns, do away with the practice of instructing voters in the polling place, and generally return to a modification of the old method, thus enabling party organizations to distribute tickets ahead of election.

But to Penrose, Elkin, Durham, Senator Focht, and other party leaders such a bill as this is highly distasteful. One thing they say they will not consent to—the elimination of the party circle. No such bill, they insist, can pass. The Quay bill has not yet been introduced, nor is it likely to be until the state committee has had an opportunity to pass upon it.

But meanwhile the Focht bill of last session, which retains the party circle, was reintroduced to-night by the senator from Union, and thus this phase of the question would seem to be on. Nothing, however, is likely to be done with it until Durham returns from Bermuda about the beginning of February. The Democrats have a bill of their own, and this may be introduced this week.

Should a difference occur between Quay and the state leaders on a ballot bill, it is problematical how it would end, assuming, of course, that Quay presses his bill.

The New Private Secretary.

It had all along been supposed that the selection of Bromley Wharton, of Philadelphia, as his private secretary was Governor Pennypacker's personal choice. So in a sense he was, but not in the way generally understood. It is said that Governor Pennypacker had no personal acquaintance with Mr. Wharton until a short time before his appointment. The story in its brief details is as follows: J. Granville Leach, of Philadelphia, and Judge Pennypacker have been lifelong friends. Soon after his election the ex-judge asked Leach if he would become his private secretary. Leach thought it over and finally said "No." The governor-elect then suggested that he should accept the post of state librarian. Again Leach thought it over and again said "No."

At this stage the judge fell back upon Mr. Dotterer as his private secretary—Mr. Dotterer also being a lifelong friend—and this gentleman accepted. But unhappily Mr. Dotterer fell sick and died, and again Judge Pennypacker appealed to Mr. Leach. Mr. Leach was still averse to taking the position, but he had a friend—Mr. Bromley Wharton—a gentleman belonging to Philadelphia's exclusive set. Mr. Wharton had been Mr. Leach's assistant when Mr. Leach was appraiser of the port of Philadelphia, and he could recommend him highly. Judge Pennypacker took Mr. Leach's word for it, and that is how Mr. Wharton's name was the first sent in to the senate by the new governor, and the first confirmed. He is a bright, clean-cut, active young man, and resembles very much in appearance his predecessor, Mr. Gerwig.

Among the visitors to the inauguration was Amos Mylin, of Lancaster, ex-auditor-general. He hadn't been to Harrisburg for a long while, and a good deal of his time was taken up in greeting old friends and swapping reminiscences. "Uncle Amos," as he is popularly known, told me that Senator Quay is developing into an extensive landed proprietor in Lancaster county. Since he purcheased his Mountville property he has been adding to it little by little, and he is now negotiating for the possession of a slice of rich land a hundred acres in extent, adjoining his own and belonging to Jonas Garber. The senior senator may be a busy man at Washington these days, endeavoring to increase the number of states in the union, but he is not neglectful, nevertheless, in increasing the number of his own acres.

Speaking of Lancaster, a bill will be introduced in the legislature this session to encourage the growing of Sumatra tobacco in that county. Successful experiments have been made in cultivating shade-grown Sumatra, a half acre at Marietta yielding 855 pounds of an excellent grade. It is desired by the Lancaster tobacco growers to continue these experiments and they think that another year's work in this direction will attain absolute perfection. But a state appropriation will be necessary.

The gallant and chivalrous Judge Harry White, of Indiana, has come to the rescue of the widows. He has drawn up a bill, which was introduced by Senator Fisher last week, and for which every widow should rise up and call him blessed. His bill gives the widow of a husband who dies intestate a life interest in his entire estate. At present, where there is issue, she has only her widow's rights. This latter condition, Judge White thinks, is a remnant of old common law that should be done away with—a relic of ancient times when the woman was regarded as inferior to the man. "The trend of modern legislation," says the judge, "is toward the emancipation of woman." Hence the bill.

Liquor Legislation.

I mentioned in this correspondence some time ago that some sweeping legislation regarding the liquor traffic in the state would be attempted, and a number of bills in this connection will be introduced within the next week or ten days. Most of them will probably emanate from Philadelphia. One of these measures will place a penalty on tavern keepers who sell beer or liquor in "growlers" or bottles to women to be carried from the premises. A similar bill passed the house last session but fell by the wayside in the senate.

The other measures will be in the interest of the retail dealers. They include the compulsory abolition of the free lunch, trial by jury in cases involving the revocation of licenses, restricting bottlers and wholesalers to the sale of not less than a gallon of spirits, and prohibiting grocers altogether from engaging in the sale of liquor as a part of their business. It is more than likely that the last two bills will be fought by the wholesalers and grocers, but the liquor associations back of the measures believe that on lofty moral grounds alone all such legislation, tending to confine the traffic to its legitimate sphere and discouraging home tippling, can and should be successfully enacted.

An effort is being made to give the judicial district composed of Bedford, Huntingdon, and Mifflin counties an additional law judge. Senator Miller, of Bedford, has introduced a bill to that effect. At present there is only one judge in the district—Judge Bailey, of Huntingdon— and it is claimed that he is very much overworked. Bedford alone, according to Senator Miller, has population enough under the constitution to entitle it to a separate judge.

Representative Snyder, of Schuylkill county, who is an ex-county attorney, has a bill providing that three overseers of the poor be appointed by the county judges instead of elected as under the existing law. His colleagues in the house, Palmer, Gardner, Littler, Crone, and Reed, he says, are with him on the bill.

Of Interest to Veterans.

The bill prepared by Col. A. K. McClure and sponsored in the house by Mr. Cooper, of Delaware, providing for the erection on Gettysburg battlefield of a $30,000 monument to General Robert E. Lee, is expected to lead to debate on the floor of the house if not in committee. Virginia is to join Pennsylvania in the expense. Colonel McClure, who was here a day or two ago, says the thought of erecting the monument was not inspired so much by a sentiment for the South or admiration for General Lee as by a desire to adorn the battlefield. Such a monument, he added, would not only efface sectional feeling, but would be a beautiful acquisition to the park. Colonel McClure will appear before the house and senate committees when the bill comes up for discussion and urge that it be favorably reported.

But there is certain to be something said on the other side of the question. Senator Cumings, of Warren, has voiced the sentiments of the opposition by vigorously disapproving the bill, and it is more than likely that Grand Army posts in various parts of the state will be heard from. Action has already been taken by the Colonel Fred Taylor post, of Philadelphia, which, after a heated discussion, opposed the proposed statue by a vote of 17 to 9. The majority of the veterans, however, did not vote at all. Colonel McClure himself does not think the bill will pass this session, but he regards it as an entering wedge for further movements of this kind in the future.

This is not the only pending measure of interest to veterans. "Farmer" Creasy, of Columbia, has introduced a bill providing for a monument in Capitol Park to the soldiers and marines who served in the war of the rebellion and appropriating $150,000 for the purpose, while still another piece of legislation of the same class is a bill for an appropriation of $35,000 to erect monuments to the Pennsylvania commands that fought on the battlefield of Antietam — $2,500 for each command. Colonel W. J. Bolton, in speaking of the projected measure, says: "We do not ask these monuments as a tramp begs at the door, but as a right to the gallant men who fell in the battle."

Senator Heidelbaugh, of Lancaster, has introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor for persons not entitled as members to wear insignia or buttons of the Spanish-American war veterans or of the Spanish-American or Philippine societies. The penalty, if the bill passes, will be a $100 fine or in default 60 days in jail.

A bill providing for a reduction of the poll tax in Philadelphia from 50 cents to 10 cents is in preparation. This is intended to save much expense to the party organizations, which are compelled to pay out piles of money to equip their voters with tax receipts, but it will also result in a heavy loss of revenue to the Philadelphia city treasury.

Representative Weaver, of Allegheny, has the credit of introducing the first of the labor bills—an elaborate arbitration measure regulating the relations between employer and employed in cases of disputes.

HUGH DONNELLY.

ECONOMY SALE.

Has a double meaning—means a stimulus to our business and saving to our many customers.
We're not expecting profits at this time.
We're sinply reducing stocks and placing and opportunity before you to save money.

LINENS.

$1.50 Table Linen, Economy sale price $1.19 yd.
$1.00 Table Linen, Economy sale price 75c.
50 cent Table Linen, Economy sale price 42c.
Cotton Towels, Economy sale price 9c. pair.
Turkish Towels, Economy sale price 22c.
Cotton Crash, Economy sale price 3½c. yd.

MUSLINS

Hill Bleached 36in wide, Economy sale price 10yds 75c
Good Bleached 36in. wide, Economy sale price 10yds. 62c
Good Unbleached 36in. wide. Economy sale price 10yds. 45c
5 cent Apron Gingham. Economy sale price 3½c. yd.
Percales, Ginghams and Madras cloths, value 12 to 18c. yd. Economy sale price 9c. yd.

Every department shows special reductions during the Economy Sale.

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CURRENT COMMENT.

PEOPLE WILL TALK, AND THIS IS WHAT THEY HAVE TO SAY.

That a miss is better than a mile. She only has to purchase hosiery for two feet instead of for 5,280.

That women stand before a mirror while dressing because they want to see everything that goes on.

That the demand for dwelling houses in Bloomsburg will be greater this spring than it has been for many years.

That the frank manner in which a sixteen year old girl of the lower end of town refers to herself as an old maid is certainly amusing.

That the construction of the new switch by the D. L. & W. Railroad Company, is going to give the several industries on the south side of the canal first class shipping facilities. The Harman—Coggar Company, founders and machinists, are getting ready to start the plant immediately upon the completion of the switch.

That coasting on the leading streets of town, now so much indulged in by children, should be stopped before any fatalities are recorded. Doubly dangerous is it after night. A team might be crossing the street, when the coaster goes down, and he would in all probability be killed. We have frequently alluded to the danger attending this practice, but it seems as though an accident is all that will stop it.

That the movement for a new play house in Bloomsburg has fallen into a state of relapse. There is no apparent reason, other than a suitable location, why the town should not have a new and modern Opera House. Since it was first mentioned in these columns, a few weeks ago, several citizens have expressed a willingness to give the project substantial support, providing a stock company can be formed. As we have already stated, a new house, with the right kind of management, will pay here and there is no doubt about it. We could then have good shows, say, once a week. Not, the "Maloney's Wedding Day," "Muldoon's Picnic" or McFadden's Row of Flats" variety, but attractions of known merit. Get together gentleman, lets have a new house.

That an amusing incident occurred to two young men of town the other morning. They reached Sunbury from Lewisburg at one o'clock a. m. They registered at the Central Hotel and were assigned to room No. 12. They told the clerk to put down a call for 5.30, as they desired to catch the first motor car for Northumberland, to make the Lackawanna train for Bloomsburg. They impressed upon the clerk that it would be necessary to ring until they answered, as they were both sound sleepers. After everything was arranged, the clerk led the way to No. 12. The door was locked, and he was about to peep over the transom, when a voice from within shouted, "What in the mischief do you fellows want." Without making any answer the trio moved on to room 36. In bidding the clerk good night, they again told him to be sure to call them at 5.30. When he reached the office something else challenged his attention, and he neglected to transfer the call from No. 12 to No. 36. At six o'clock in the morning, the young men awoke, and jumping into their clothes hurried down stairs, but they were too late, the car had left the square 15 minutes before. The clerk, who was a new man, was asked for an explanation. He knew nothing about it, and turning around, he asked the porter, who was pushing away for dear life at an enunciator on the wall, if he could tell how the mistake had occurred. The mystery was explained when the occupant of No. 12 appeared at the head of the stairs and shouted "What in the devil is the matter with the bell in my room, it has been ringing continuously for the last twenty minutes." The boys were very sore but the situation was so comical they were forced to laugh. The clerk tried to repair the wrong by giving them a free breakfast, and they reached Bloomsburg over the Penna. Railroad at 7.20.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

N. S. Tingley has accepted the agency for Reinach, Ullman & Co. of Chicago, merchant tailors, and is ready to supply made-to-measure clothing at prices lower than can be obtained elsewhere. He has a large line of samples to select from. His place of business is the third floor of the COLUMBIAN building. 4t.

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